Blu-ray Disc Player

BDP8000/12/51

/78

Service
Service
Service

Service Manual

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CLASS 1
LASER PRODUCT

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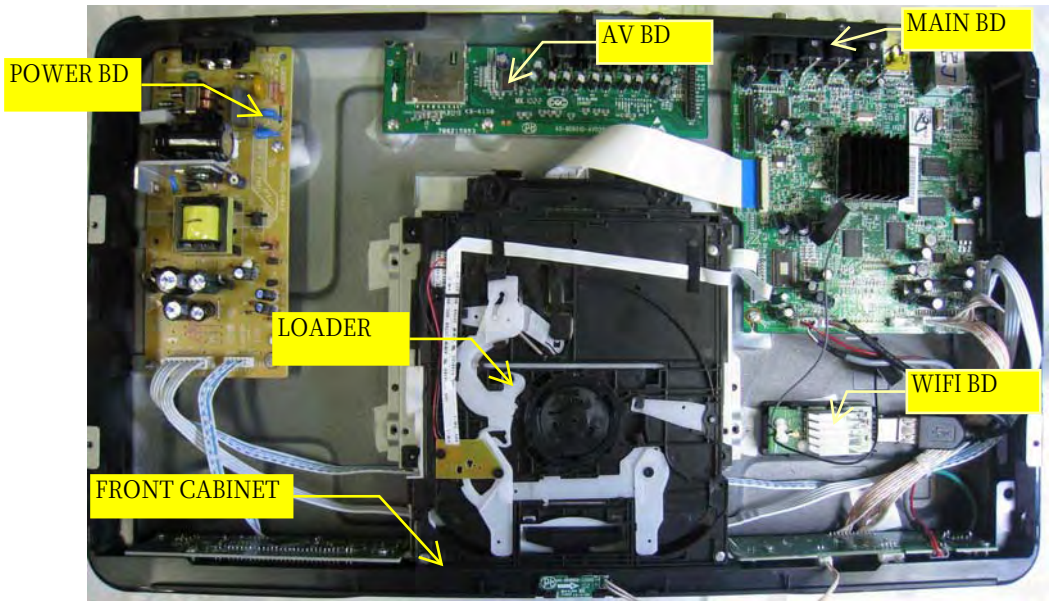
Version 1.5

PHILIPS

LOCATION OF PCB BOARDS：



VERSION VARIATIONS

Type /Versions: / Service policy / Board in used:	BDP8000									
	/05	/12	/51	/78						
MAIN BOARD	M	M	C/M	C/M						
POWER BOARD	M	M	C/M	C/M						
WIFI BOARD	M	M	M	M						
AV BOARD	M	M	C/M	C/M						
FRONT CABINET	M	M	M	M						
LOADER	M	M	M	M						

* TIPS : C -- Component Lever Repair.

M -- Module Lever Repair

x -- Used

1. Technical Specifications, Directions for Use

Index of this chapter:

Notes:

- Figures can deviate due to the different set executions.
- Specifications are indicative (subject to change).

1.1 Technical Specifications

For on-line product support please use the following website:
http://www.p4c.philips.com/cgi-bin/dcbint/cpproduct_selector.pl

Here is product information available, as well as getting started, user manuals, frequently asked questions and software & drivers.

1.2 Directions for Use

You can download this information from the following websites:
http://www.philips.com/support
http://www.p4c.philips.com

2. Safety Instructions, Warnings, Notes, and Abbreviation List

Index of this chapter:

2.1 Safety Instructions

Safety regulations require the following **during** a repair:

- Connect the set to the Mains/AC Power via an isolation transformer (> 800 VA).
- Replace safety components, indicated by the symbol ⚠, only by components identical to the original ones. Any other component substitution (other than original type) may increase risk of fire or electrical shock hazard.

Safety regulations require that **after** a repair, the set must be returned in its original condition. Pay in particular attention to the following points:

- Route the wire trees correctly and fix them with the mounted cable clamps.
- Check the insulation of the Mains/AC Power lead for external damage.
- Check the strain relief of the Mains/AC Power cord for proper function.
- Check the electrical DC resistance between the Mains/AC Power plug and the secondary side (only for sets that have a Mains/AC Power isolated power supply):
  1. Unplug the Mains/AC Power cord and connect a wire between the two pins of the Mains/AC Power plug.
  2. Set the Mains/AC Power switch to the “on” position (keep the Mains/AC Power cord unplugged!).
  3. Measure the resistance value between the pins of the Mains/AC Power plug and the metal shielding of the tuner or the aerial connection on the set. The reading should be between 4.5 MΩ and 12 MΩ.
  4. Switch “off” the set, and remove the wire between the two pins of the Mains/AC Power plug.
- Check the cabinet for defects, to prevent touching of any inner parts by the customer.

2.2 Warnings

- All ICs and many other semiconductors are susceptible to electrostatic discharges (ESD). Careless handling during repair can reduce life drastically. Make sure that, during repair, you are connected with the same potential as the mass of the set by a wristband with resistance. Keep components and tools also at this same potential.
- Be careful during measurements in the high voltage section.
- Never replace modules or other components while the unit is switched “on”.
- When you align the set, use plastic rather than metal tools. This will prevent any short circuits and the danger of a circuit becoming unstable.

2.3 Notes

2.3.1 General

- Measure the voltages and waveforms with regard to the chassis (= tuner) ground (⏚), or hot ground (⏚), depending on the tested area of circuitry. The voltages and waveforms shown in the diagrams are indicative. Measure them in the Service Default Mode (see chapter 5) with a colour bar signal and stereo sound (L: 3 kHz, R: 1 kHz unless stated otherwise) and picture carrier at 475.25 MHz for PAL, or 61.25 MHz for NTSC (channel 3).
- Where necessary, measure the waveforms and voltages with (⊓) and without (⊼) aerial signal. Measure the voltages in the power supply section both in normal operation (⏻) and in stand-by (⏻). These values are indicated by means of the appropriate symbols.

2.3.2 Schematic Notes

- All resistor values are in ohms, and the value multiplier is often used to indicate the decimal point location (e.g. 2K2 indicates 2.2 kΩ).
- Resistor values with no multiplier may be indicated with either an “E” or an “R” (e.g. 220E or 220R indicates 220 Ω).
- All capacitor values are given in micro-farads ($\mu = \times 10^{-6}$), nano-farads ($n = \times 10^{-9}$), or pico-farads ($p = \times 10^{-12}$).
- Capacitor values may also use the value multiplier as the decimal point indication (e.g. 2p2 indicates 2.2 pF).
- An “asterisk” (*) indicates component usage varies. Refer to the diversity tables for the correct values.
- The correct component values are listed in the Spare Parts List. Therefore, always check this list when there is any doubt.

2.3.3 BGA (Ball Grid Array) ICs

Introduction

For more information on how to handle BGA devices, visit this URL: *www.atyourservice.ce.philips.com* (needs subscription, not available for all regions). After login, select “Magazine”, then go to “Repair downloads”. Here you will find Information on how to deal with BGA-ICs.

BGA Temperature Profiles

For BGA-ICs, you **must** use the correct temperature-profile, which is coupled to the 12NC. For an overview of these profiles, visit the website *www.atyourservice.ce.philips.com* (needs subscription, but is not available for all regions)
You will find this and more technical information within the “Magazine”, chapter “Repair downloads”.
For additional questions please contact your local repair help desk.

2.3.4 Lead-free Soldering

Due to lead-free technology some rules have to be respected by the workshop during a repair:

- Use only lead-free soldering tin Philips SAC305 with order code 0622 149 00106. If lead-free solder paste is required, please contact the manufacturer of your soldering equipment. In general, use of solder paste within workshops should be avoided because paste is not easy to store and to handle.
- Use only adequate solder tools applicable for lead-free soldering tin. The solder tool must be able:
  - To reach a solder-tip temperature of at least 400°C.
  - To stabilize the adjusted temperature at the solder-tip.
  - To exchange solder-tips for different applications.
- Adjust your solder tool so that a temperature of around 360°C - 380°C is reached and stabilized at the solder joint. Heating time of the solder-joint should not exceed ~ 4 sec. Avoid temperatures above 400°C, otherwise wear-out of tips will increase drastically and flux-fluid will be destroyed. To avoid wear-out of tips, switch “off” unused equipment or reduce heat.
- Mix of lead-free soldering tin/parts with leaded soldering tin/parts is possible but PHILIPS recommends strongly **to avoid** mixed regimes. If this cannot be avoided, carefully clear the solder-joint from old tin and re-solder with new tin.

2.3.5 Alternative BOM identification

It should be noted that on the European Service website, "Alternative BOM" is referred to as "Design variant".

The **third digit** in the serial number (example: KX**2**B0835000001) indicates the number of the alternative B.O.M. (Bill Of Materials) that has been used for producing the specific AV set. In general, it is possible that the same AV model on the market is produced with e.g. two different types of display, coming from two different suppliers. This will then result in sets which have the same CTN (Commercial Type Number; e.g. MCM394/12) but which have a different B.O.M. number.

Also, it is possible that same model on the market is produced with two production centers, however their partslist is the same. In such case, no alternative B.O.M. will be created.

By looking at the third digit of the serial number, one can identify which B.O.M. is used for the set he is working with. If the third digit of the serial number contains the number "1" (example: KX**1**B033500001), then the set has been manufactured according to B.O.M. number 1. If the third digit is a "2" (example: KX**2**B0335000001), then the set has been produced according to B.O.M. no. 2. This is important for ordering the correct spare parts!
For the third digit, the numbers 1...9 and the characters A...Z can be used, so in total: 9 plus 26= 35 different B.O.M.s can be indicated by the third digit of the serial number.

Identification: The bottom line of a type plate gives a 14-digit serial number. Digits 1 and 2 refer to the production centre (e.g. LM is Arts), digit 3 refers to the B.O.M. code, digit 4 refers to the Service version change code, digits 5 and 6 refer to the production year, and digits 7 and 8 refer to production week (in example below it is 2008 week 50). The 6 last digits contain the serial number.

Figure 2-1 Serial number (example)

2.3.6 Module Level Repair (MLR) or Component Level Repair (CLR)

If a board is defective, consult your repair procedure to decide if the board has to be exchanged or if it should be repaired on component level.
If your repair procedure says the board should be exchanged completely, do not solder on the defective board. Otherwise, it cannot be returned to the O.E.M. supplier for back charging!

2.3.7 Practical Service Precautions

- **It makes sense to avoid exposure to electrical shock.** While some sources are expected to have a possible dangerous impact, others of quite high potential are of limited current and are sometimes held in less regard.
- **Always respect voltages**. While some may not be dangerous in themselves, they can cause unexpected reactions that are best avoided. Before reaching into a powered TV set, it is best to test the high voltage insulation. It is easy to do, and is a good service precaution.

2.4 Abbreviation List

0/6/12	SCART switch control signal on A/V board. 0 = loop through (AUX to TV), 6 = play 16 : 9 format, 12 = play 4 : 3 format
2DNR	Spatial (2D) Noise Reduction
3DNR	Temporal (3D) Noise Reduction
AARA	Automatic Aspect Ratio Adaptation: algorithm that adapts aspect ratio to remove horizontal black bars; keeps the original aspect ratio
ACI	Automatic Channel Installation: algorithm that installs TV channels directly from a cable network by means of a predefined TXT page
ADC	Analogue to Digital Converter
AFC	Automatic Frequency Control: control signal used to tune to the correct frequency
AGC	Automatic Gain Control: algorithm that controls the video input of the feature box
AM	Amplitude Modulation
ANR	Automatic Noise Reduction: one of the algorithms of Auto TV
AP	Asia Pacific
AR	Aspect Ratio: 4 by 3 or 16 by 9
ASF	Auto Screen Fit: algorithm that adapts aspect ratio to remove horizontal black bars without discarding video information
ATSC	Advanced Television Systems Committee, the digital TV standard in the USA
ATV	See Auto TV
Auto TV	A hardware and software control system that measures picture content, and adapts image parameters in a dynamic way
AV	External Audio Video
AVC	Audio Video Controller
AVIP	Audio Video Input Processor
B/G	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 5.5 MHz
BLR	Board-Level Repair
BTSC	Broadcast Television Standard Committee. Multiplex FM stereo sound system, originating from the USA and used e.g. in LATAM and AP-NTSC countries
B-TXT	Blue TeleteXT
C	Centre channel (audio)
CEC	Consumer Electronics Control bus: remote control bus on HDMI connections
CL	Constant Level: audio output to connect with an external amplifier
CLR	Component Level Repair
COLUMBUS	COlor LUMinance Baseband Universal Sub-system
ComPair	Computer aided rePair
CP	Connected Planet / Copy Protection
CSM	Customer Service Mode
CTI	Color Transient Improvement: manipulates steepness of chroma transients
CVBS	Composite Video Blanking and Synchronization
DAC	Digital to Analogue Converter
DBE	Dynamic Bass Enhancement: extra low frequency amplification
DDC	See "E-DDC"

D/K	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 6.5 MHz
DFI	Dynamic Frame Insertion
DFU	Directions For Use: owner's manual
DMR	Digital Media Reader: card reader
DMSD	Digital Multi Standard Decoding
DNM	Digital Natural Motion
DNR	Digital Noise Reduction: noise reduction feature of the set
DRAM	Dynamic RAM
DRM	Digital Rights Management
DSP	Digital Signal Processing
DST	Dealer Service Tool: special remote control designed for service technicians
DTCP	Digital Transmission Content Protection; A protocol for protecting digital audio/video content that is traversing a high speed serial bus, such as IEEE-1394
DVB-C	Digital Video Broadcast - Cable
DVB-T	Digital Video Broadcast - Terrestrial
DVD	Digital Versatile Disc
DVI(-d)	Digital Visual Interface (d= digital only)
E-DDC	Enhanced Display Data Channel (VESA standard for communication channel and display). Using E-DDC, the video source can read the EDID information form the display.
EDID	Extended Display Identification Data (VESA standard)
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read Only Memory
EMI	Electro Magnetic Interference
EPLD	Erasable Programmable Logic Device
EU	Europe
EXT	EXTernal (source), entering the set by SCART or by cinches (jacks)
FBL	Fast BLanking: DC signal accompanying RGB signals
FDS	Full Dual Screen (same as FDW)
FDW	Full Dual Window (same as FDS)
FLASH	FLASH memory
FM	Field Memory or Frequency Modulation
FPGA	Field-Programmable Gate Array
FTV	Flat TeleVision
Gb/s	Giga bits per second
G-TXT	Green TeleteXT
H	H_sync to the module
HD	High Definition
HDD	Hard Disk Drive
HDCP	High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection: A “key” encoded into the HDMI/DVI signal that prevents video data piracy. If a source is HDCP coded and connected via HDMI/DVI without the proper HDCP decoding, the picture is put into a “snow vision” mode or changed to a low resolution. For normal content distribution the source and the display device must be enabled for HDCP “software key” decoding.
HDMI	High Definition Multimedia Interface
HP	HeadPhone
I	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 6.0 MHz
I^2C	Inter IC bus
I^2D	Inter IC Data bus
I^2S	Inter IC Sound bus
IF	Intermediate Frequency
Interlaced	Scan mode where two fields are used to form one frame. Each field contains half the number of the total amount of lines. The fields are written in “pairs”, causing line flicker.
IR	Infra Red
IRQ	Interrupt Request
ITU-656	The ITU Radio communication Sector (ITU-R) is a standards body subcommittee of the International Telecommunication Union relating to radio communication. ITU-656 (a.k.a. SDI), is a digitized video format used for broadcast grade video. Uncompressed digital component or digital composite signals can be used. The SDI signal is self-synchronizing, uses 8 bit or 10 bit data words, and has a maximum data rate of 270 Mbit/s, with a minimum bandwidth of 135 MHz.
ITV	Institutional TeleVision; TV sets for hotels, hospitals etc.
JOP	Jaguar Output Processor
LS	Last Status; The settings last chosen by the customer and read and stored in RAM or in the NVM. They are called at start-up of the set to configure it according to the customer's preferences
LATAM	Latin America
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LED	Light Emitting Diode
L/L'	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 6.5 MHz. L' is Band I, L is all bands except for Band I
LORE	LOcal REgression approximation noise reduction
LPL	LG.Philips LCD (supplier)
LS	Loudspeaker
LVDS	Low Voltage Differential Signalling
Mbps	Mega bits per second
M/N	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 4.5 MHz
MIPS	Microprocessor without Interlocked Pipeline-Stages; A RISC-based microprocessor
MOP	Matrix Output Processor
MOSFET	Metal Oxide Silicon Field Effect Transistor, switching device
MPEG	Motion Pictures Experts Group
MPIF	Multi Platform InterFace
MUTE	MUTE Line
NC	Not Connected
NICAM	Near Instantaneous Compounded Audio Multiplexing. This is a digital sound system, mainly used in Europe.
NTC	Negative Temperature Coefficient, non-linear resistor
NTSC	National Television Standard Committee. Color system mainly used in North America and Japan. Color carrier NTSC M/N= 3.579545 MHz, NTSC 4.43= 4.433619 MHz (this is a VCR norm, it is not transmitted off-air)
NVM	Non-Volatile Memory: IC containing TV related data such as alignments
O/C	Open Circuit
OSD	On Screen Display
OTC	On screen display Teletext and Control; also called Artistic (SAA5800)
P50	Project 50: communication protocol between TV and peripherals
PAL	Phase Alternating Line. Color system mainly used in West Europe (color carrier= 4.433619 MHz) and South America (color carrier PAL M=

	3.575612 MHz and PAL N= 3.582056 MHz)
PCB	Printed Circuit Board (same as “PWB”)
PCM	Pulse Code Modulation
PDP	Plasma Display Panel
PFC	Power Factor Corrector (or Pre-conditioner)
PIP	Picture In Picture
PLL	Phase Locked Loop. Used for e.g. FST tuning systems. The customer can give directly the desired frequency
POR	Power On Reset, signal to reset the uP
Progressive Scan	Scan mode where all scan lines are displayed in one frame at the same time, creating a double vertical resolution.
PTC	Positive Temperature Coefficient, non-linear resistor
PWB	Printed Wiring Board (same as “PCB”)
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
QRC	Quasi Resonant Converter
QTNR	Quality Temporal Noise Reduction
QVCP	Quality Video Composition Processor
RAM	Random Access Memory
RGB	Red, Green, and Blue. The primary color signals for TV. By mixing levels of R, G, and B, all colors (Y/C) are reproduced.
RC	Remote Control
RC5 / RC6	Signal protocol from the remote control receiver
RESET	RESET signal
ROM	Read Only Memory
R-TXT	Red TeleteXT
SAM	Service Alignment Mode
S/C	Short Circuit
SCART	Syndicat des Constructeurs d'Appareils Radiorécepteurs et Téléviseurs
SCL	Serial Clock I^2C
SCL-F	CLock Signal on Fast I^2C bus
SD	Standard Definition
SDA	Serial Data I^2C
SDA-F	DAta Signal on Fast I^2C bus
SDI	Serial Digital Interface, see “ITU-656”
SDRAM	Synchronous DRAM
SECAM	SEequence Couleur Avec Mémoire. Color system mainly used in France and East Europe. Color carriers= 4.406250 MHz and 4.250000 MHz
SIF	Sound Intermediate Frequency
SMPS	Switched Mode Power Supply
SoC	System on Chip
SOG	Sync On Green
SOPS	Self Oscillating Power Supply
S/PDIF	Sony Philips Digital InterFace
SRAM	Static RAM
SRP	Service Reference Protocol
SSB	Small Signal Board
STBY	STand-BY
SVGA	800x600 (4:3)
SVHS	Super Video Home System
SW	Software
SWAN	Spatial temporal Weighted Averaging Noise reduction
SXGA	1280x1024
TFT	Thin Film Transistor
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion
TMDS	Transmission Minimized Differential Signalling
TXT	TeleteXT
TXT-DW	Dual Window with TeleteXT
UI	User Interface
uP	Microprocessor
UXGA	1600x1200 (4:3)
V	V-sync to the module
VCR	Video Cassette Recorder
VESA	Video Electronics Standards Association
VGA	640x480 (4:3)
VL	Variable Level out: processed audio output toward external amplifier
VSB	Vestigial Side Band; modulation method
WYSIWYR	What You See Is What You Record: record selection that follows main picture and sound
WXGA	1280x768 (15:9)
XTAL	Quartz crystal
XGA	1024x768 (4:3)
Y	Luminance signal
Y/C	Luminance (Y) and Chrominance (C) signal
YPbPr	Component video. Luminance and scaled color difference signals (B-Y and R-Y)
YUV	Component video

Mechanical and Dismantling Instructions

Dismantling Instruction

The following guidelines show how to dismantle the player.

Step1: Remove 3 screws around the Back Plate. (Figure 1).

If can 't open top cover in normal way, you can make it through the instruction as below

Note: Make sure to operate gently otherwise the guider would be damaged.

Figure 1

Step2: Remove the top cover(Figuer 2).

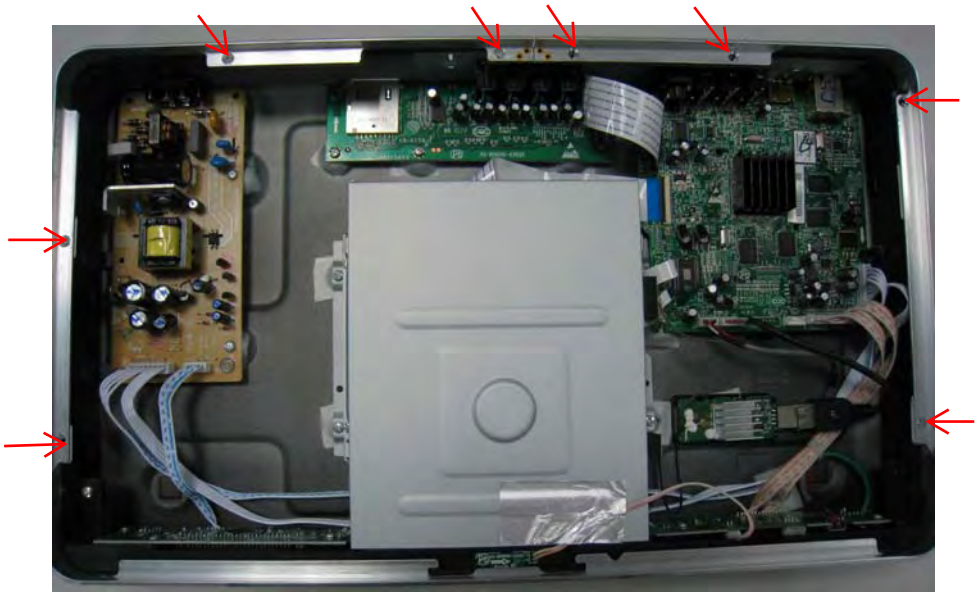


Figure 2

Mechanical and Dismantling Instructions

Dismantling Instruction

Detailed information please refer to the model set.

Step3: Remove 8 screws around Aluminum loop(Figure 2). Then remove the aluminum loop.(Figure 3)
Then remove the left and right lens,need to release 3 snaps of each len,you can make it throught the instructions as below(Figure 3):

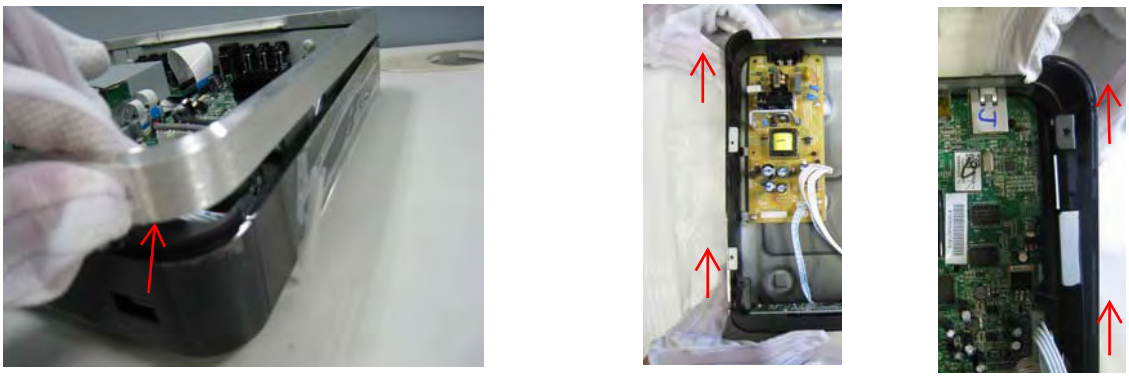


Figure 3

Step4: Dismantling LED Board, Front Panel,Loader need disconnect the connectors (XP4,XP6,XP3,XP2), need release 3 snaps of Front and 2 snaps of bottom cabinet , then gently pull the Panel out from the set. (Figure 4 - Figure 6)

Figure 4

Mechanical and Dismantling Instructions

Dismantling Instruction

Detailed information please refer to the model set.

Step5: Dismantling LED Board,Loader disconnect the 4 connectors (XP6,XP3,XP2)(Figure 4)
aiming in the below figure, remove 4 screws that connects the loader and the bottom cabinet,and 4 screws connect iron cover(Figure 5)

Figure 5

Step6: Dismantling Front panel, first remove the 3 screws, and then disconnect 4 connectors (J3,XP4,XP11,CN502)(Figure 6)
then remove 6 screws on FB Board and MC Board to dismantle the Front panel. (Figure 6)

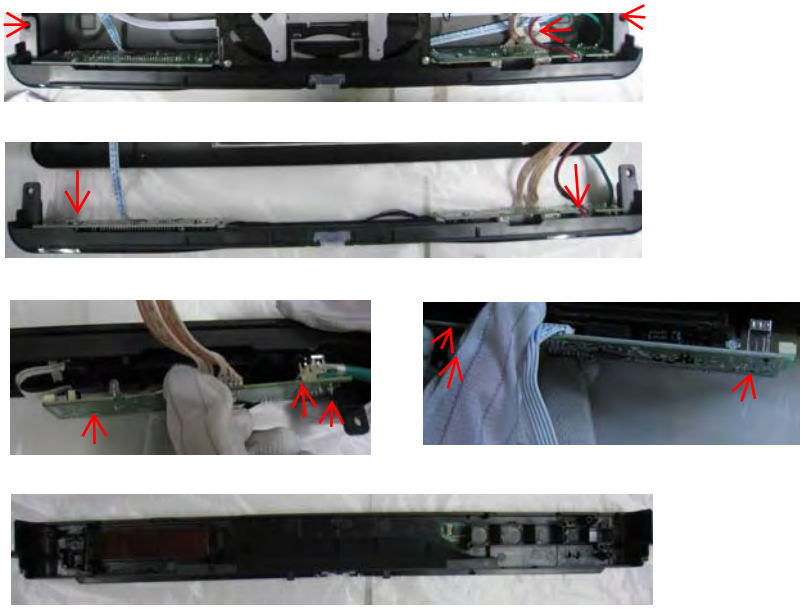


Figure 6

Mechanical and Dismantling Instructions

Dismantling Instruction

The following guidelines show how to dismantle the player.
Step7: Disconnect USB socket and then dismantling WIFI module. (Figure 7).

Figure 7

Step2: Dismantling Power Board,AV Board and Main Board,first disconnect connectors(CN504,XP1,XP8,XP2,XP9)(Figuer 2). Then remove 5 screws on Power Board to dismantle Power Board,4 screws on AV Board to dismantle AV Board,6 screws on Main Board to dismantle Main Board.(Figure 8)

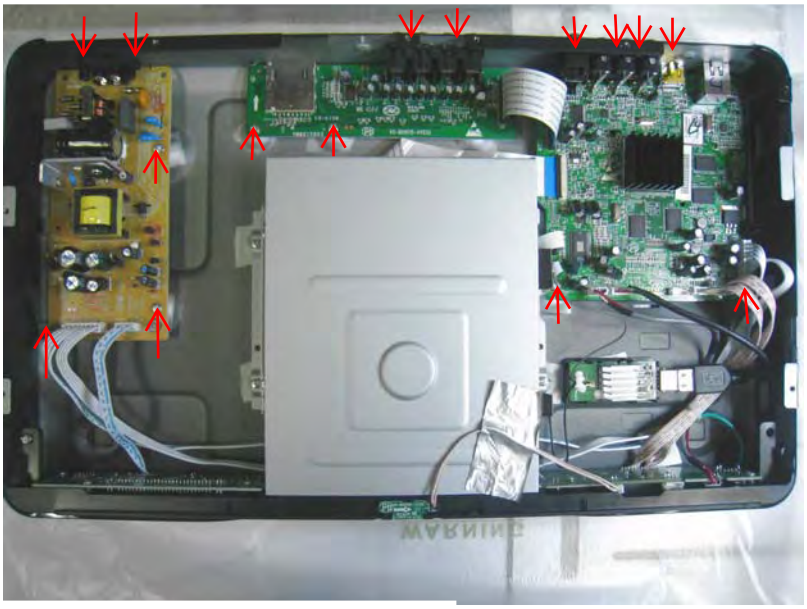


Figure 8

Mechanical and Dismantling Instructions

Dismantling Instruction

The following guidelines show how to take out locked disc on Blu-ray/DVD tray.□□
Step9: Ripped the paster and then remove two WIFI tapes before remove Shield Board. (Figure 9).

Figure 9

Step10: Dismantling Shield Cover,then turn the wheel of Open-Close Motor in counterclockwise direction.(Figure 10)

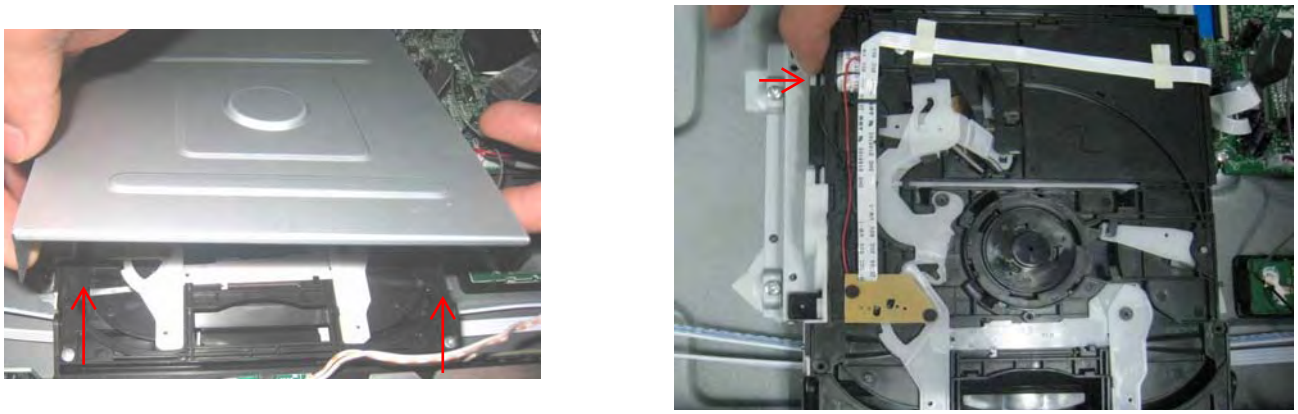


Figure 10

Software check and upgrade

Preparation to upgrade software

1)Start the CD burning software & create a folder named "UPG_ALL",

2)Then copy the Bin file (BDP_8000_S_B.bin) into it,

3)Burn the data onto the blank CD or USB.

4)If the model is BDP8000,must use (BDP_8000_S_X.bin)to upgrade x(A,B,C)if the model BD code is A, X=A, BD code is B , X =B BD=code is C ,X=C

A. Procedure for software upgrade

A) Upgrade software via Disc

1) Power on the set and insert the prepared Upgrade CDR.

2) The set will starts reading disc & response with the following display TV screen:

Now searching for upgrade software!

Please wait…!

Still

3) Press <OK> button to confirm, then screen will display :

An upgrade software has been found!

Start upgrade with version:WKXXX.X?

Cancel Start

4) Press Right cursor button to choose "Start", then press <OK>;

5) The software will updagrde and screen will display as below:

Upgrade is ongoing, Please wait…

Please do not unplug or switch off the device.

6) The screen will display as below when upgrading complete:

Upgrade has completed successfully!

Power off after 5s.

Power Off

5) Restart the set.

B) Upgrade softwar via network:

1) Setup the network connection (See "Getting started">"Set up network").

2) In the Home menu, select <Setting>-<Advanced Setup>-<Software Download>-<Network>.

* You are prompted to start upgrading processes if upgrade media is detected.

3) Follow the instructions on the TV screen to confirm update operation.

* Once software updated is complete, this player automatically truns off to standby.

4) Disconnect the power cord for a few seconds and connect again to turn on the player.

C) Update software via USB Flash Drive:

1) Go to www.philips.com/support to check if the latest software version is available for this player.

2) Download the software onto a USB flash drive.

3) Insert the USB flash drive to the USB jack of the rear panel.

4) In the Home menu, select <Setup>-<Advanced Setup>-<Software Updade >-<USB>.

5) Follow the instructions on the TV screen to confrim update operation.

* Once software update is complete, this player automatically turns to standby.

6) Disconnect the power cord for a few seconds and connect again to turn on the player.

B. Read out the software versions to confirm upgrading

1) Power on the set and open the tray door.

2) Press <Home> button on the reomote control.

3) Select <Setup>, then press <OK>.

4) Select <Advanced Setup>, press right cursor to choose <Version Info.>, then press <OK>, the software version and other information will display on the TV screen as below:

Model:BDP8XXX

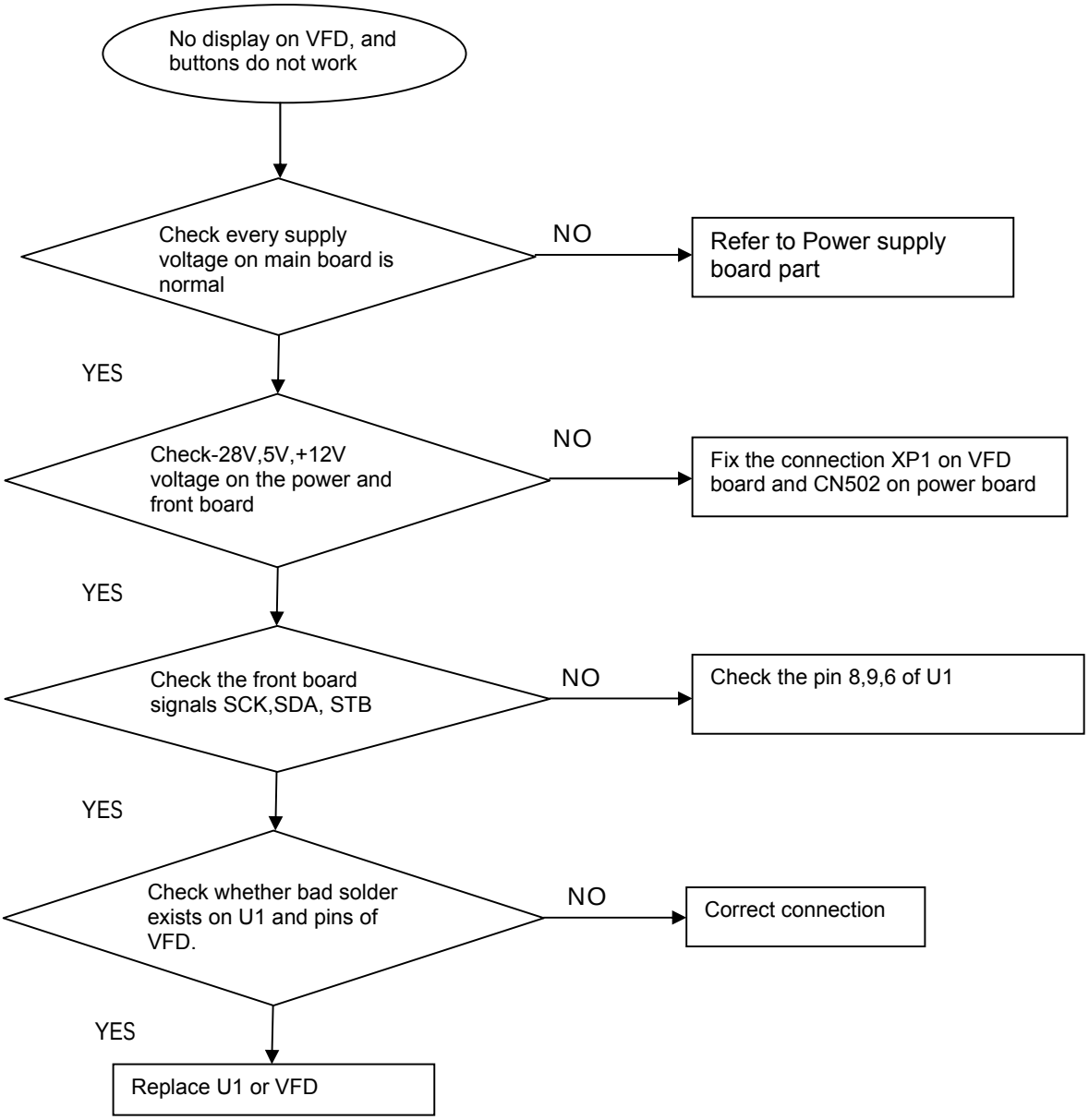
Versions:

http://www.philips.com/support

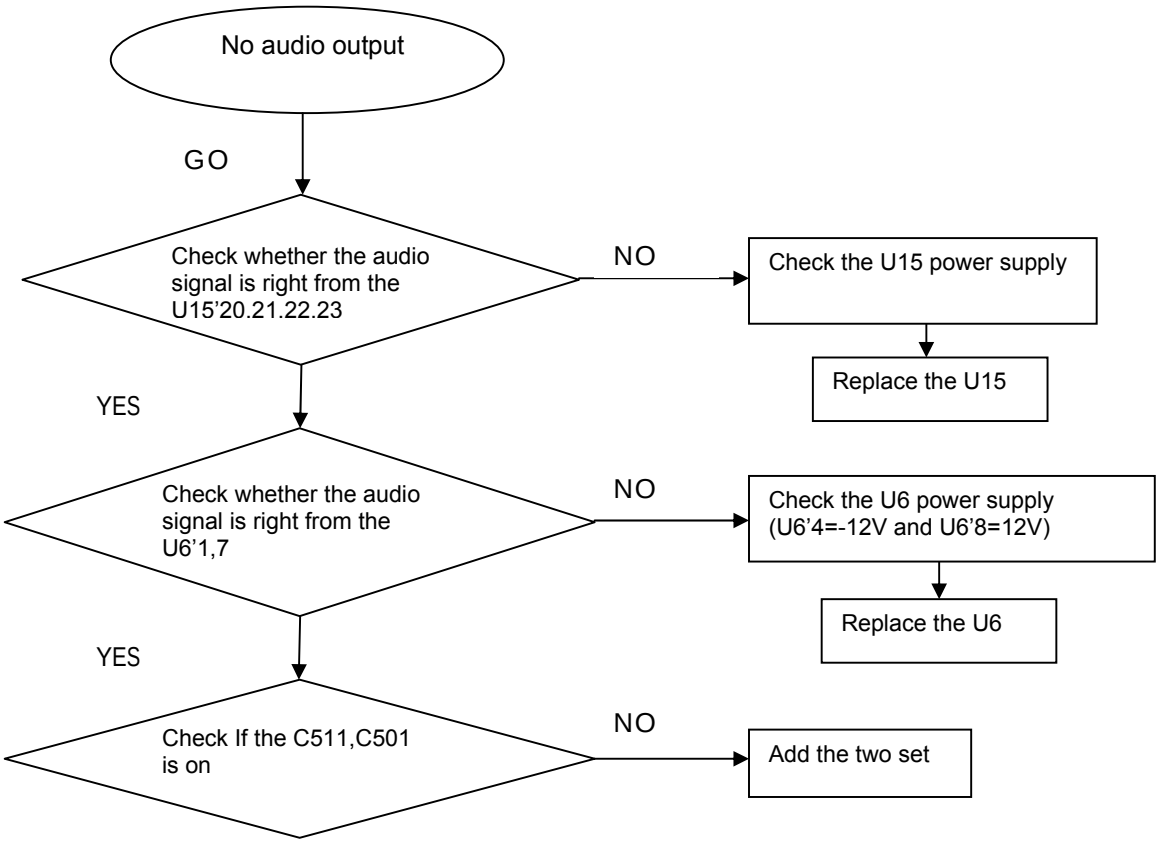
MAC:XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX

Caution: The set must not be power off during upgrading, otherwise the Main board will be damaged entirely.

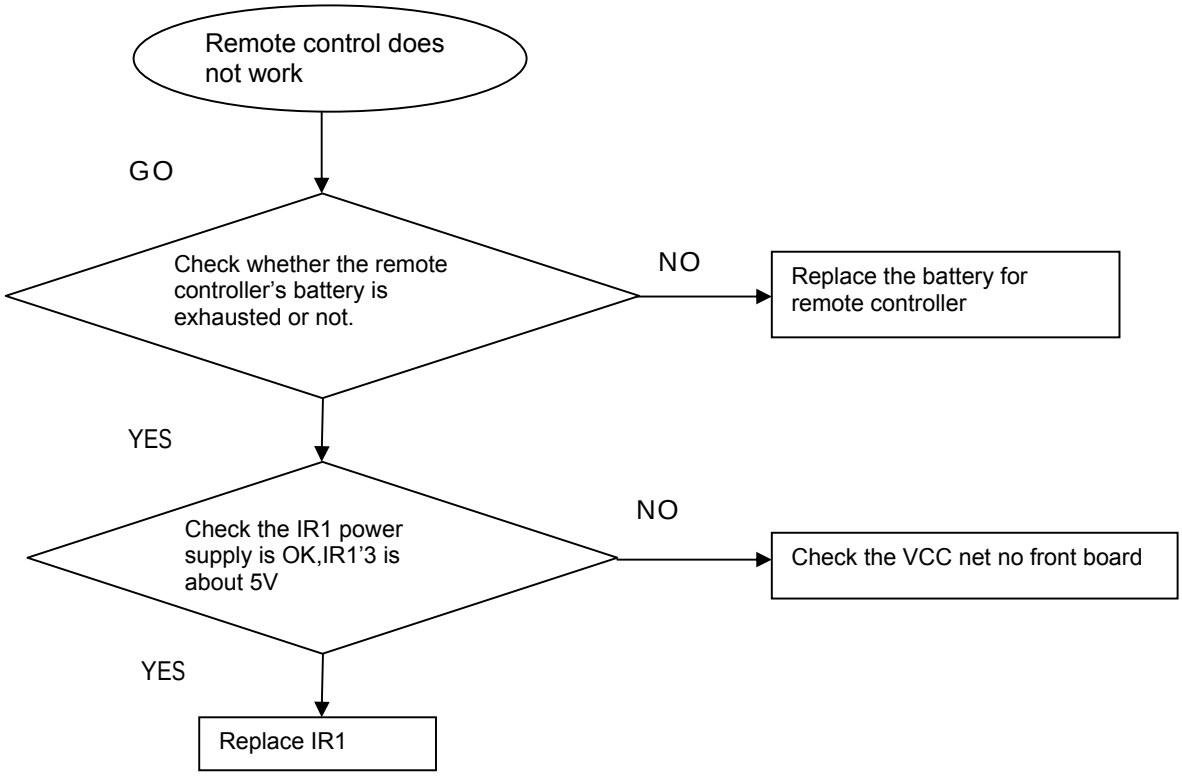
No display on VFD, and buttons do not work



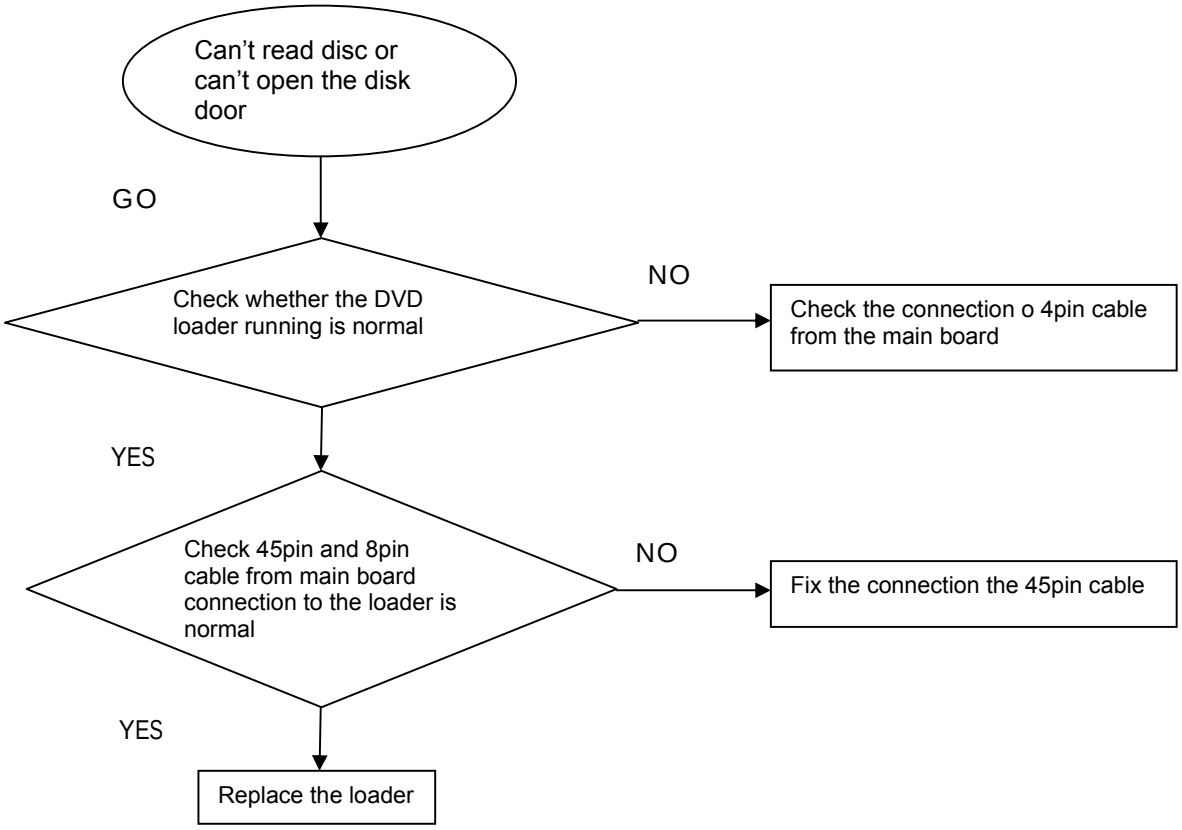
No audio output



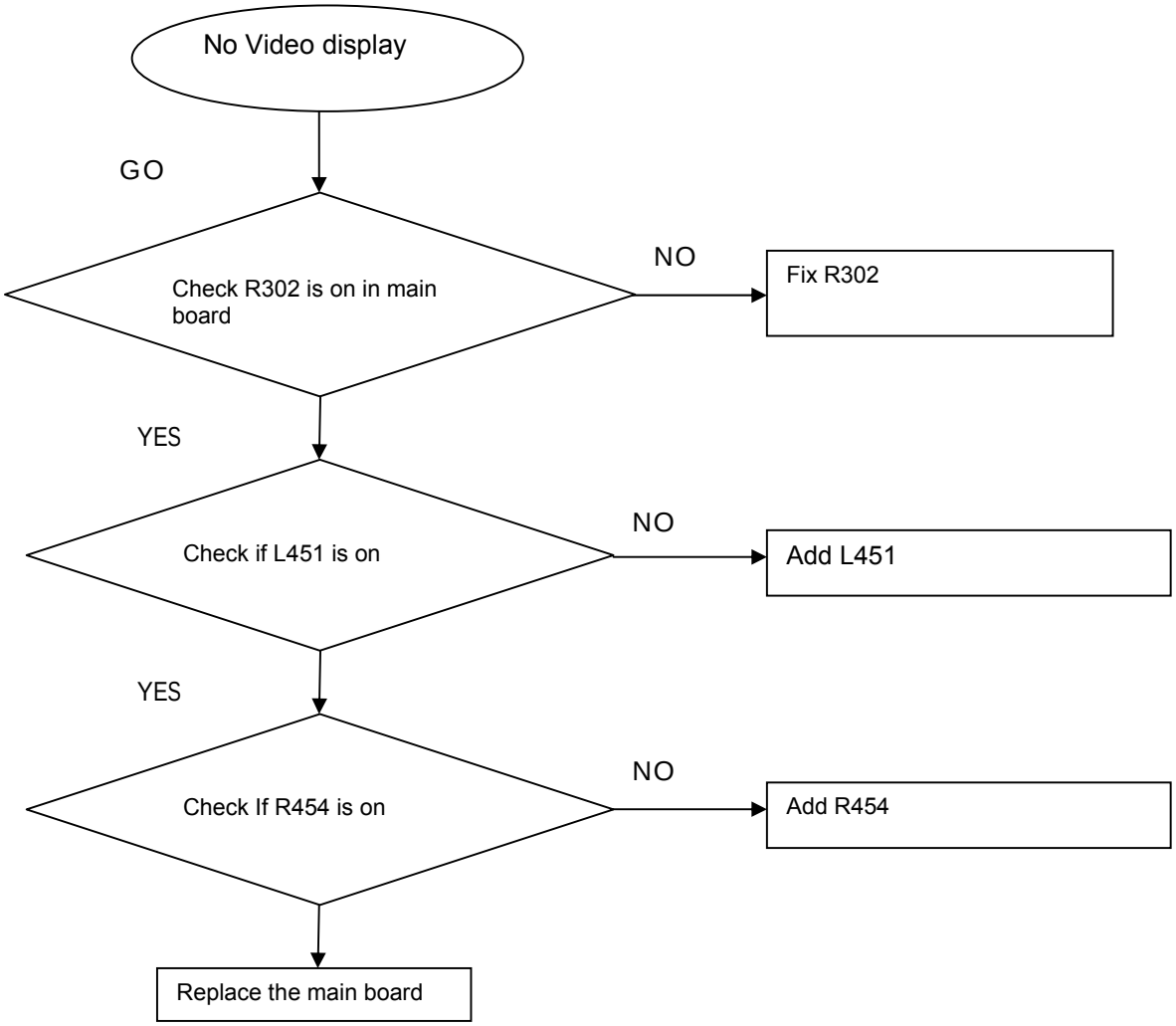
Remote control does not work



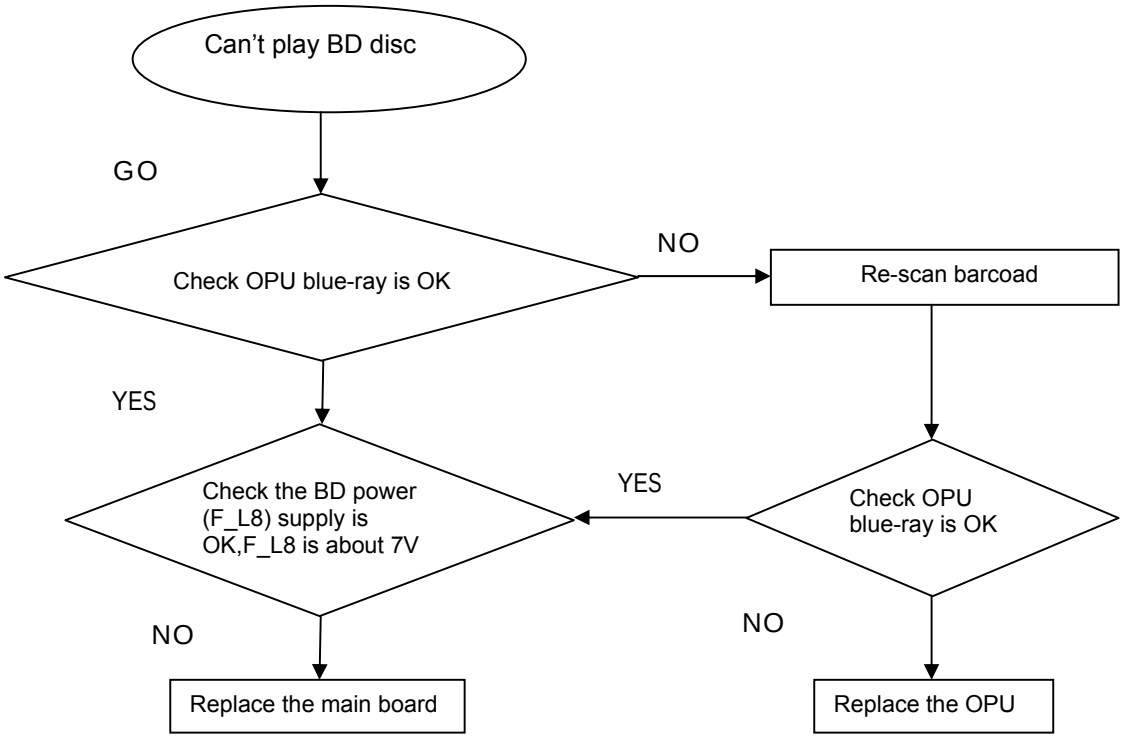
Can’t read disc or can’t open the disk door



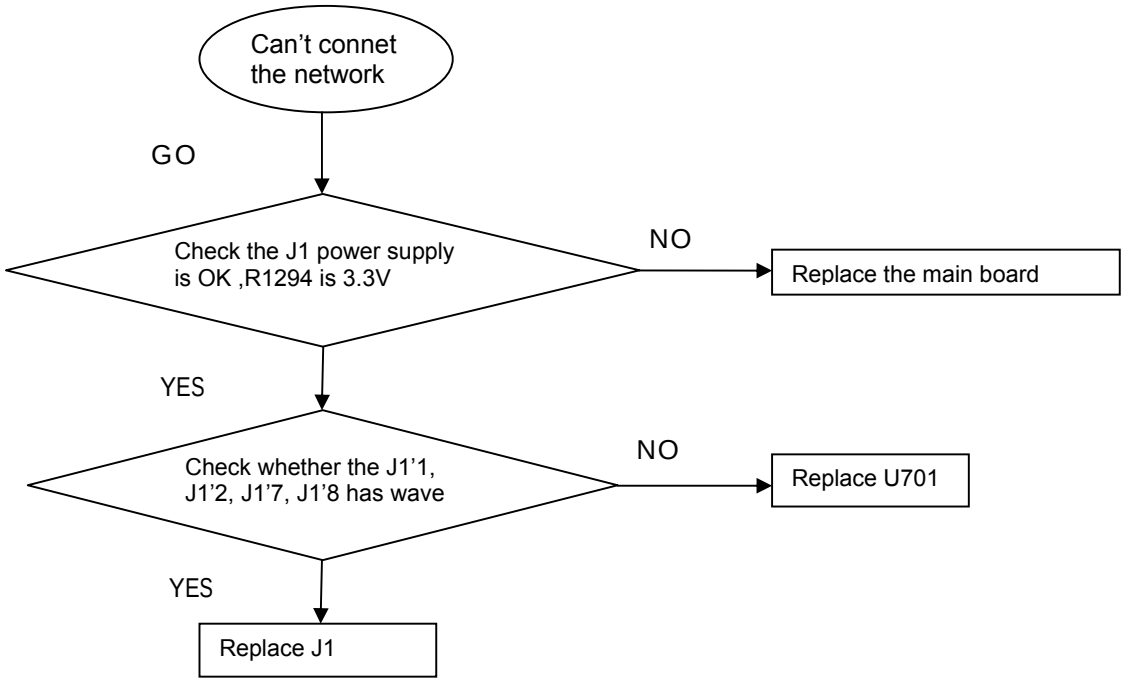
No video display



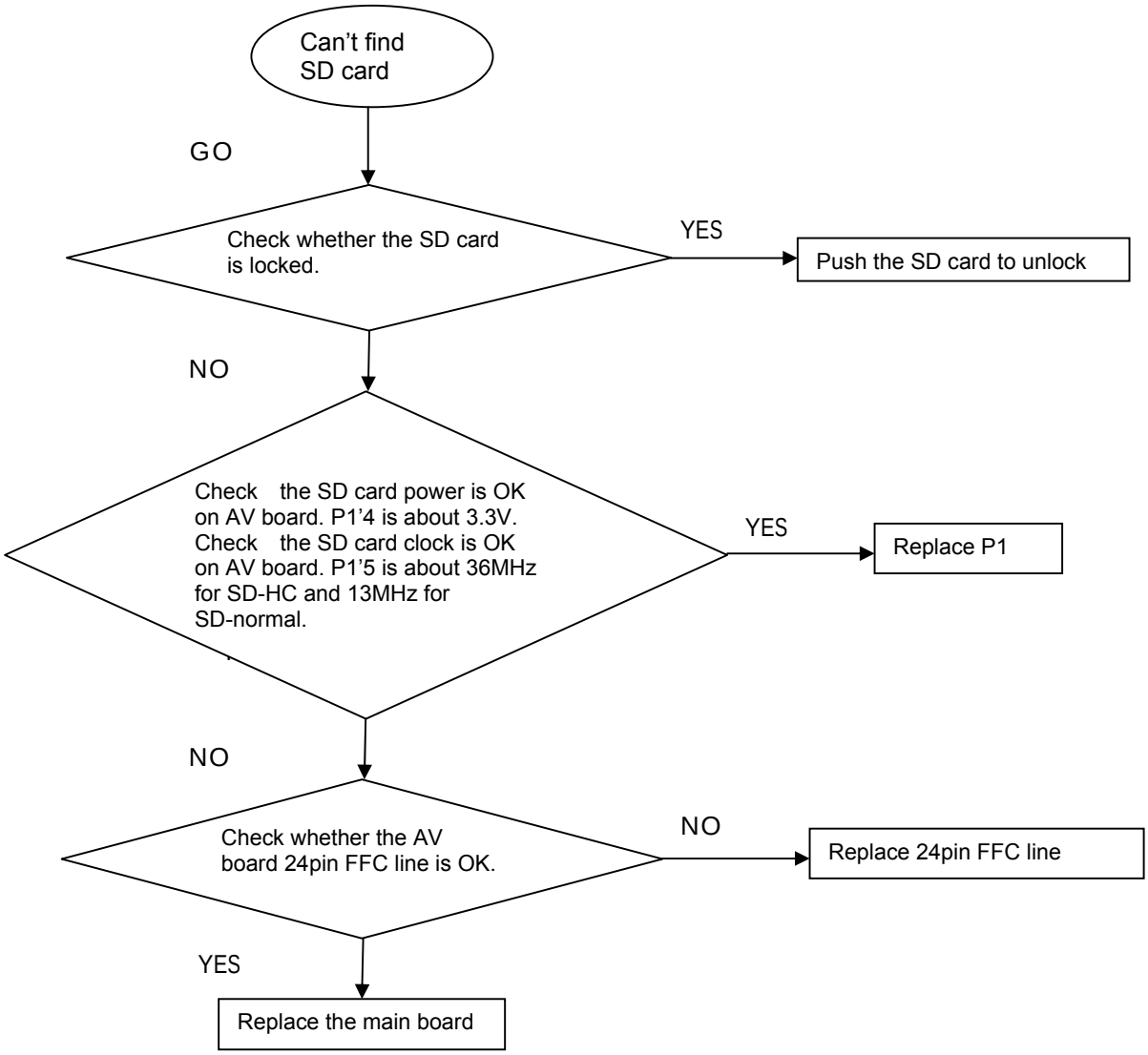
Can't play BD/3D disc



Can't connet the network

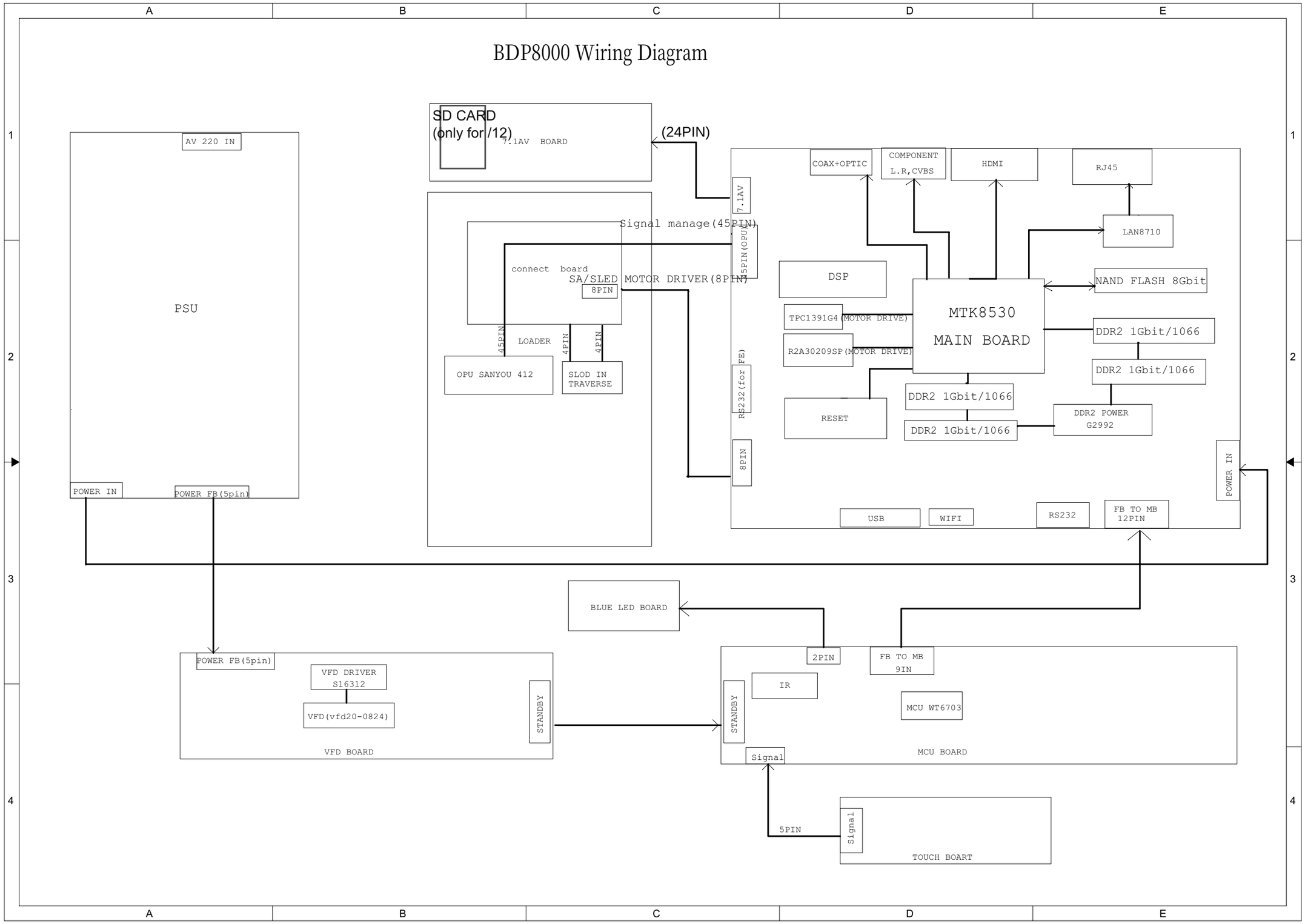


Can't find SD card



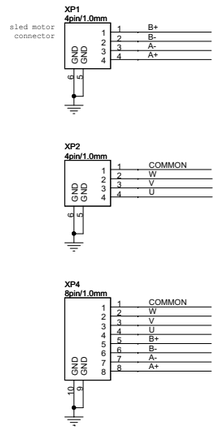
5-1

BDP8000 Wiring Diagram



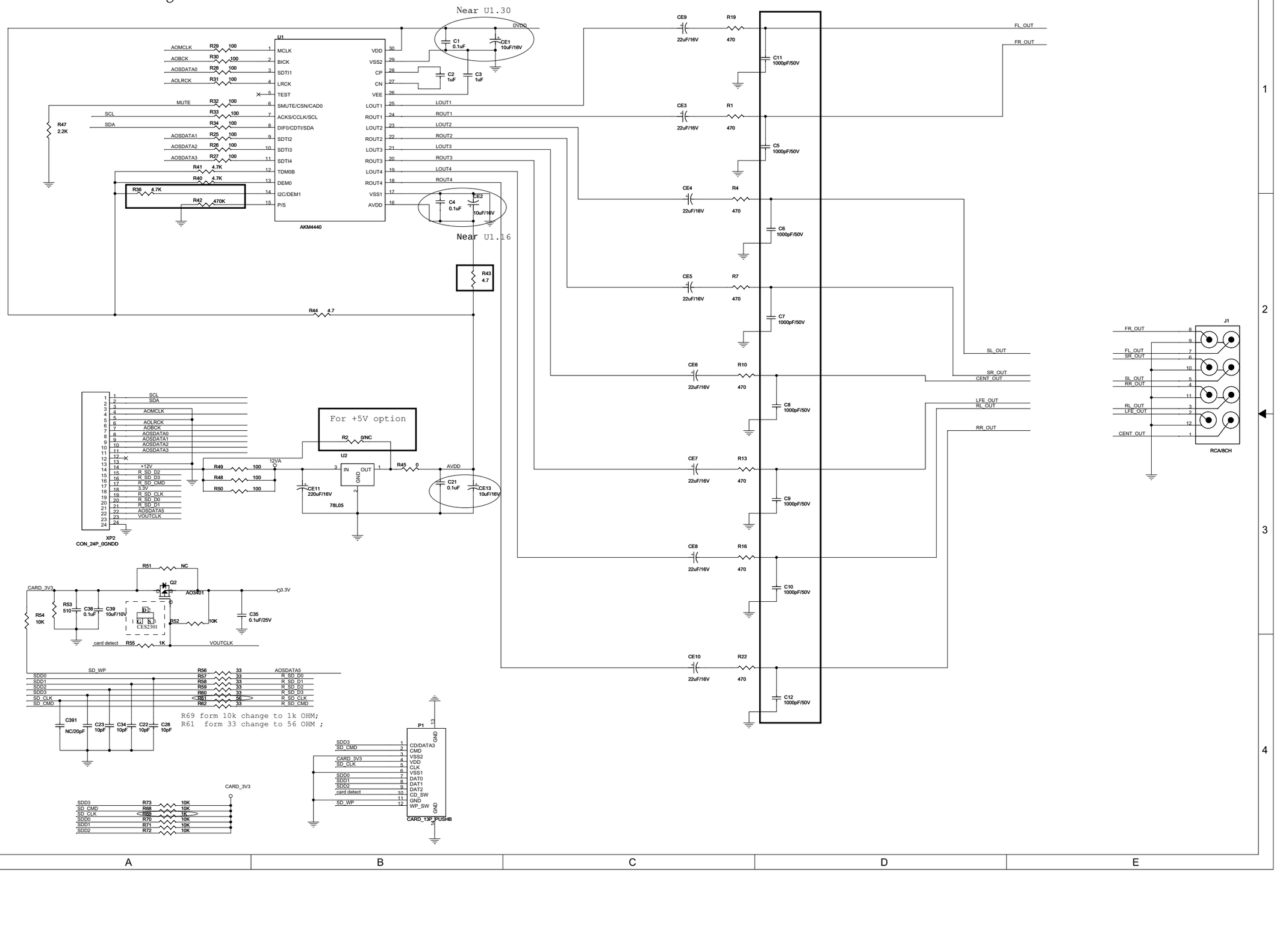
6-1

Inter Connect Circuit Diagram：



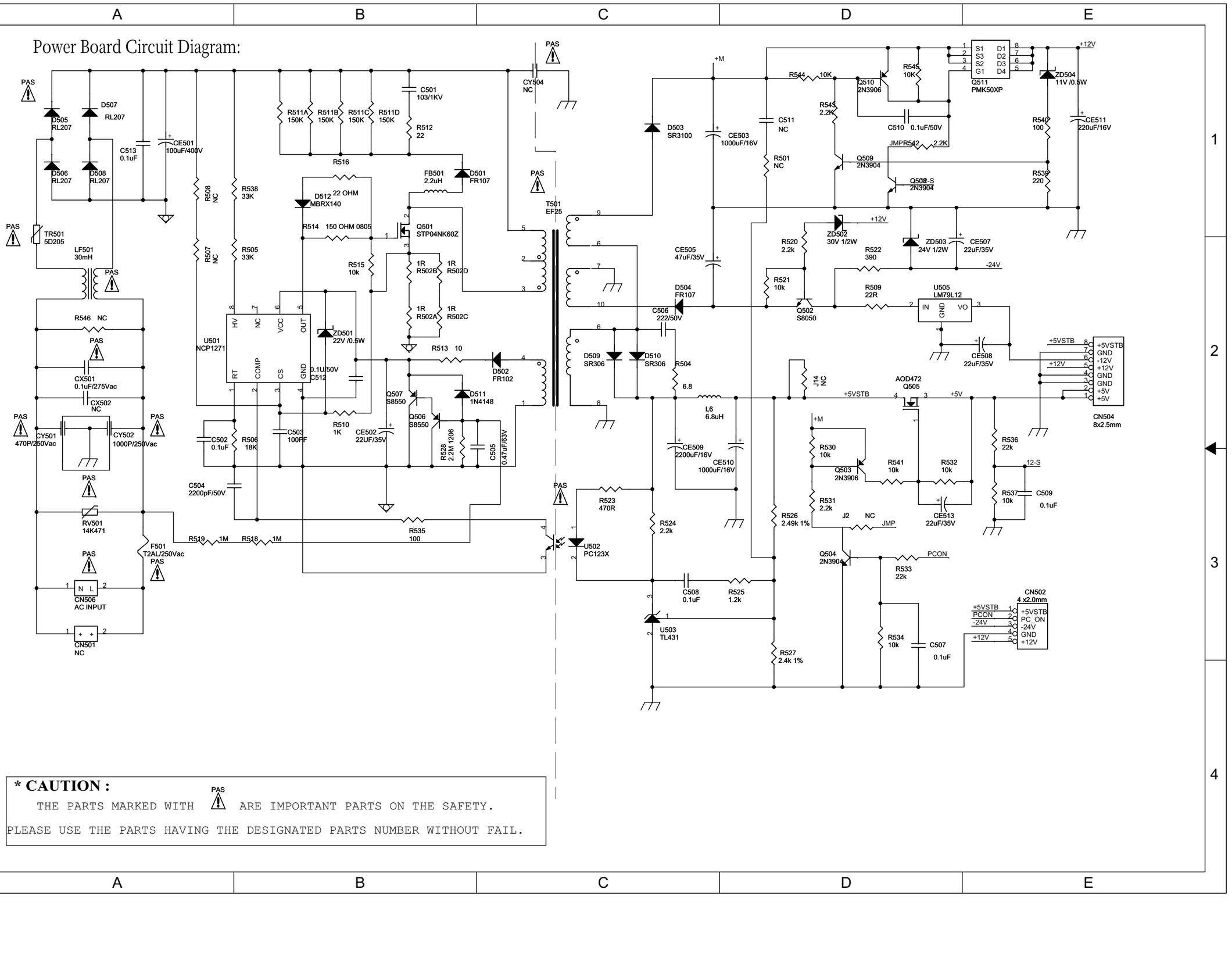
6-14

AV Board Circuit Diagram:



6-15

Power Board Circuit Diagram:



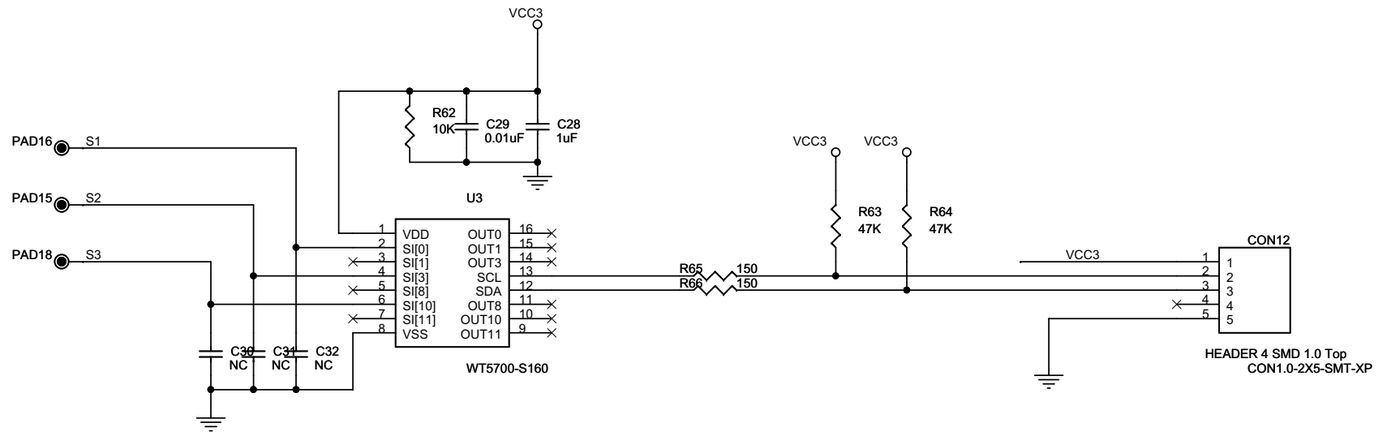
*** CAUTION :**

THE PARTS MARKED WITH PAS ARE IMPORTANT PARTS ON THE SAFETY.

PLEASE USE THE PARTS HAVING THE DESIGNATED PARTS NUMBER WITHOUT FAIL.

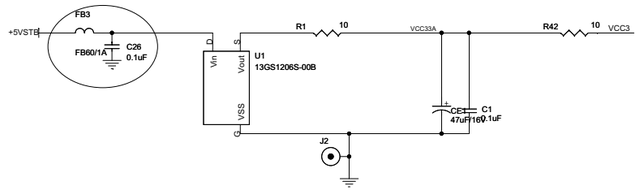
6-16

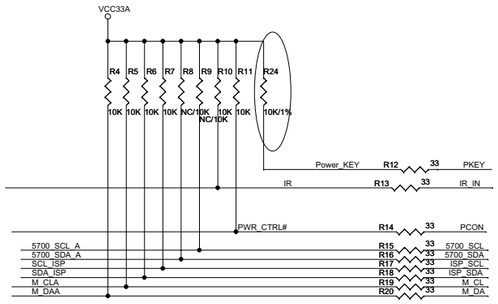
Touch Control Board Circuit Diagram:

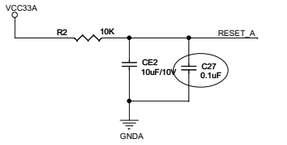


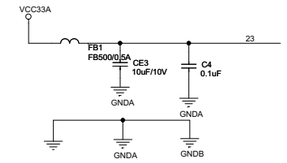
6-17

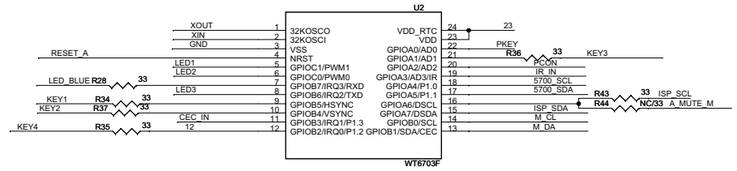
MCU Board Circuit Diagram:

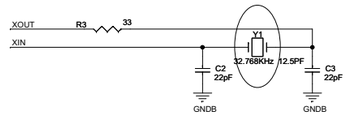


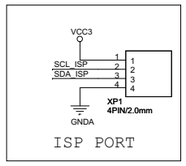


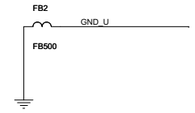


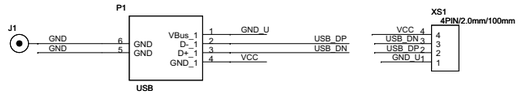


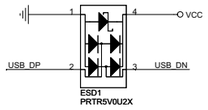


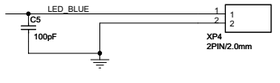




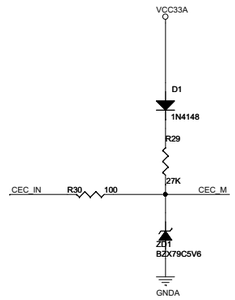


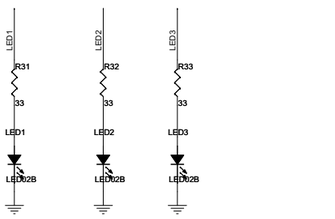


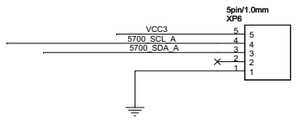


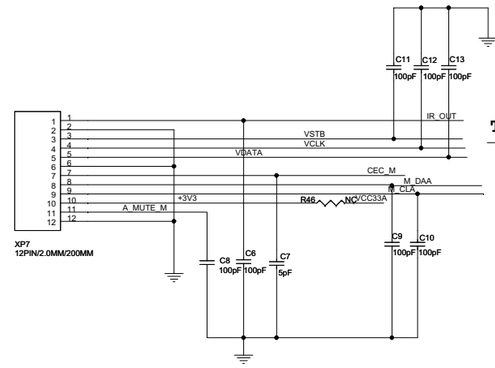


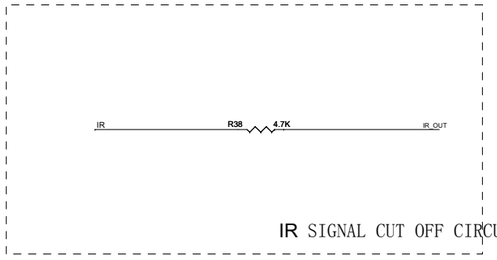

```
PWR_ON_OFF_A  power control
5700_SCL_A and 5700_SDA_A
SCL_ISP and SDA_ISP  upgrade connector
LED1-3_ON_OFF
GPIOA2_A
LED_BLUE
RESET_MCU_FB
HPD_MCU
A_MUTE_M
```

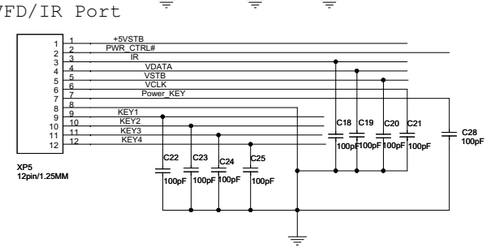






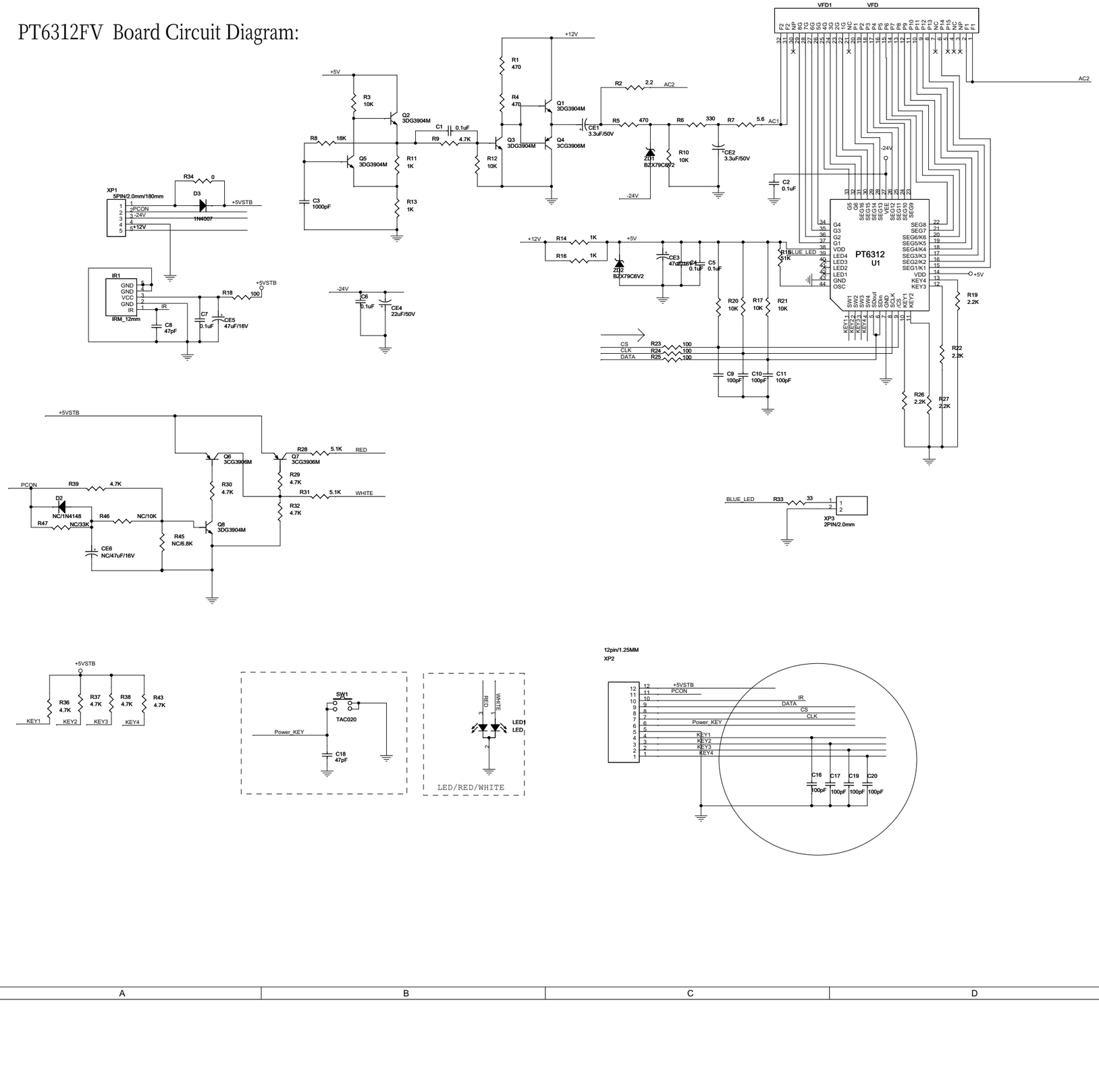






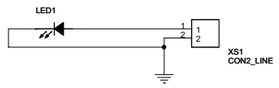
6-18

PT6312FV Board Circuit Diagram:



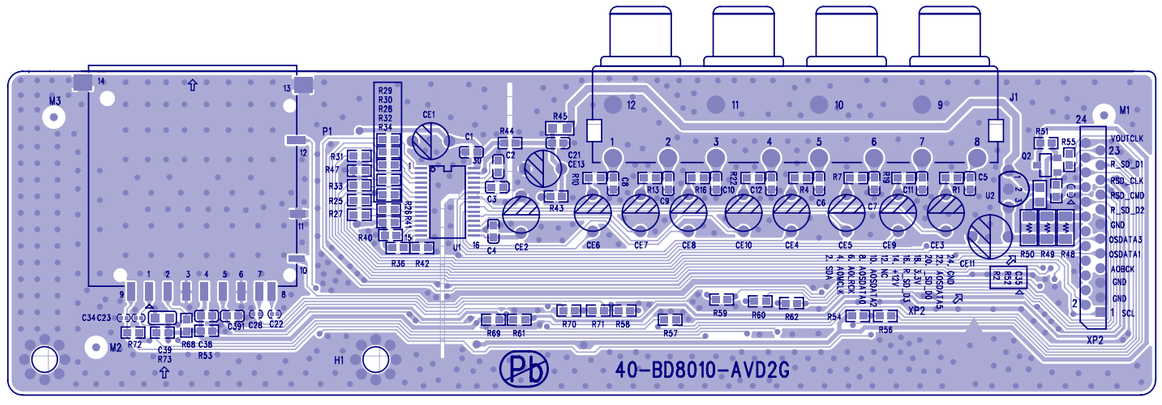
6-19

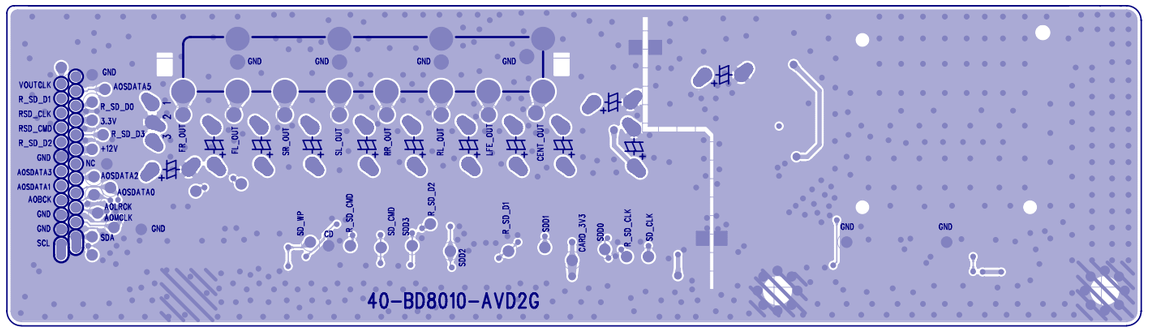
LED Board Circuit Diagram:



6-20

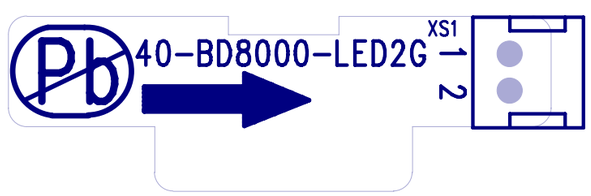
AV Board Print-layout (Top and Bottom side):

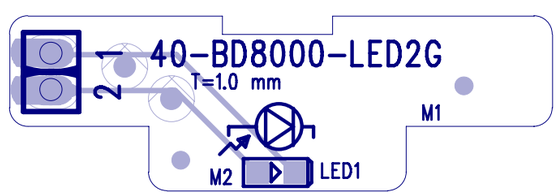




6-21

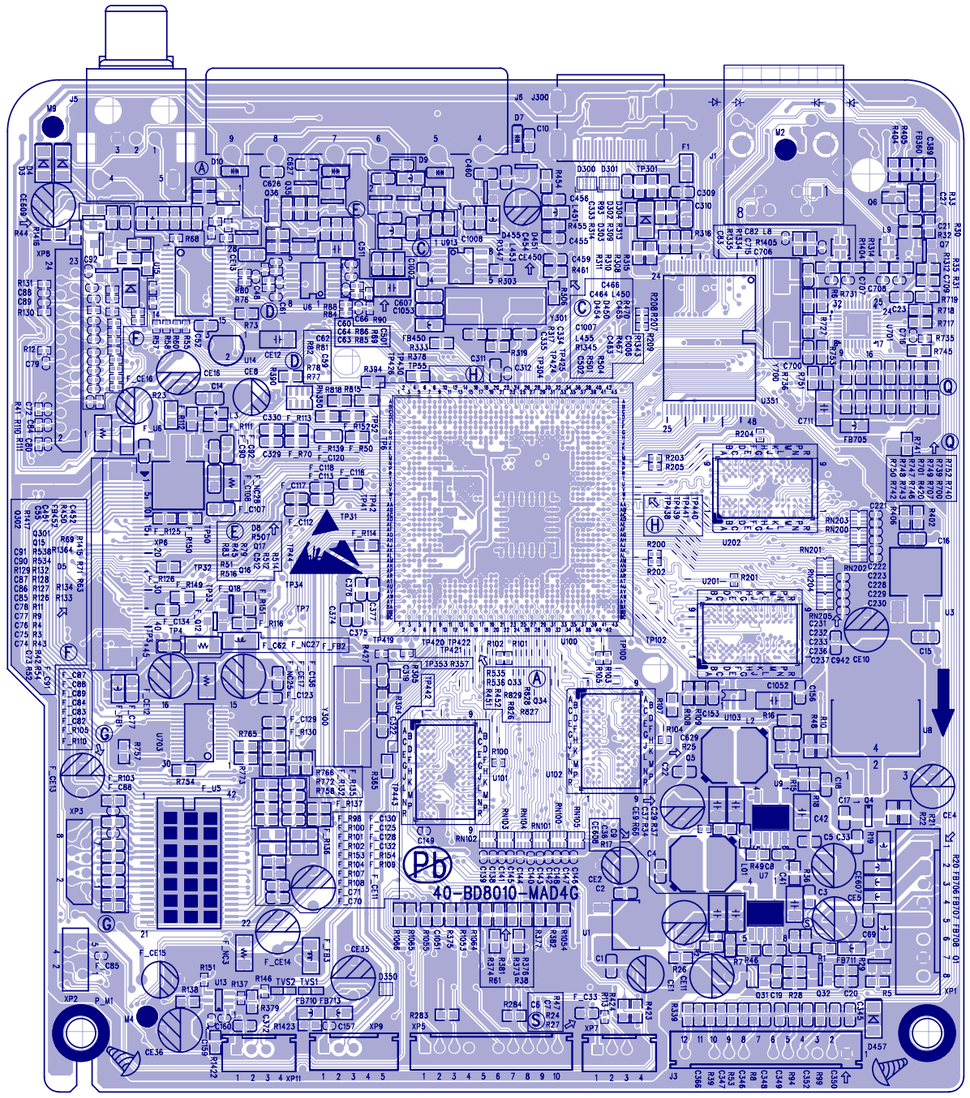
LED Board Print-layout (Top and Bottom side):





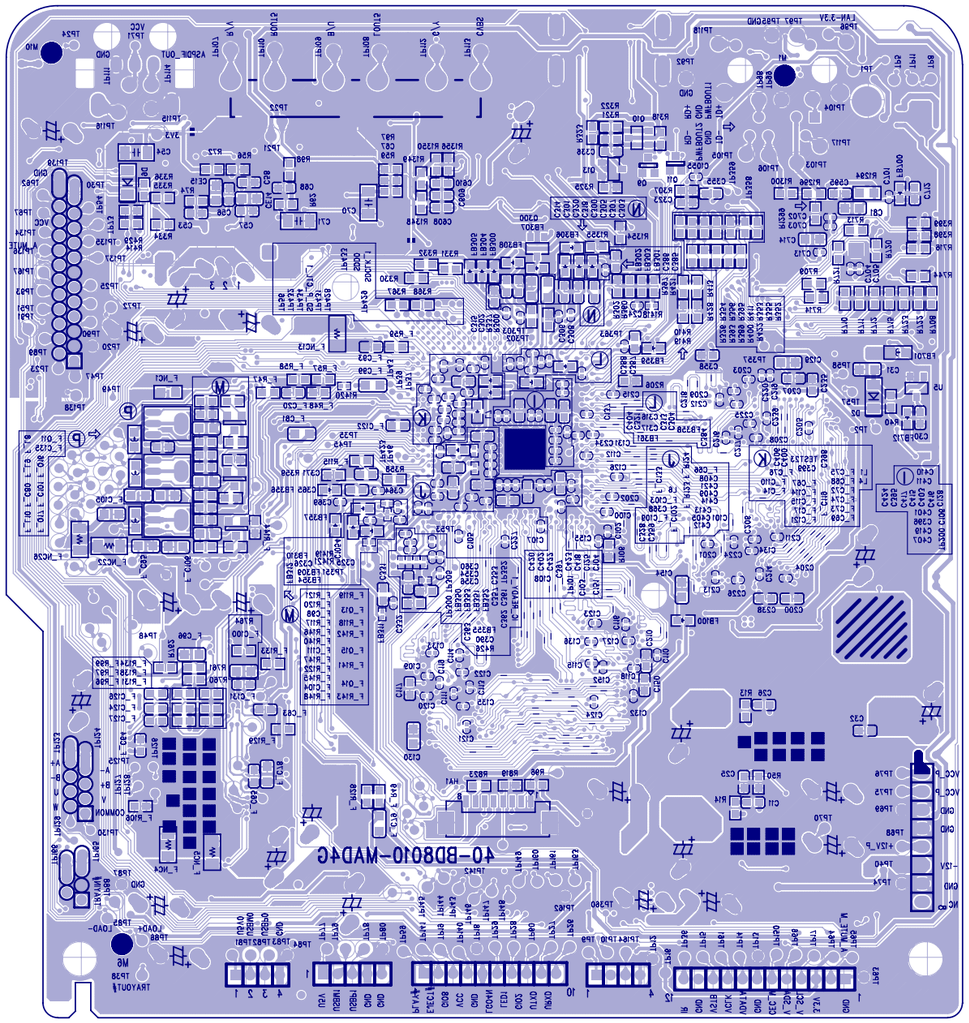
6-22

Main Board Print-layout (Top side):



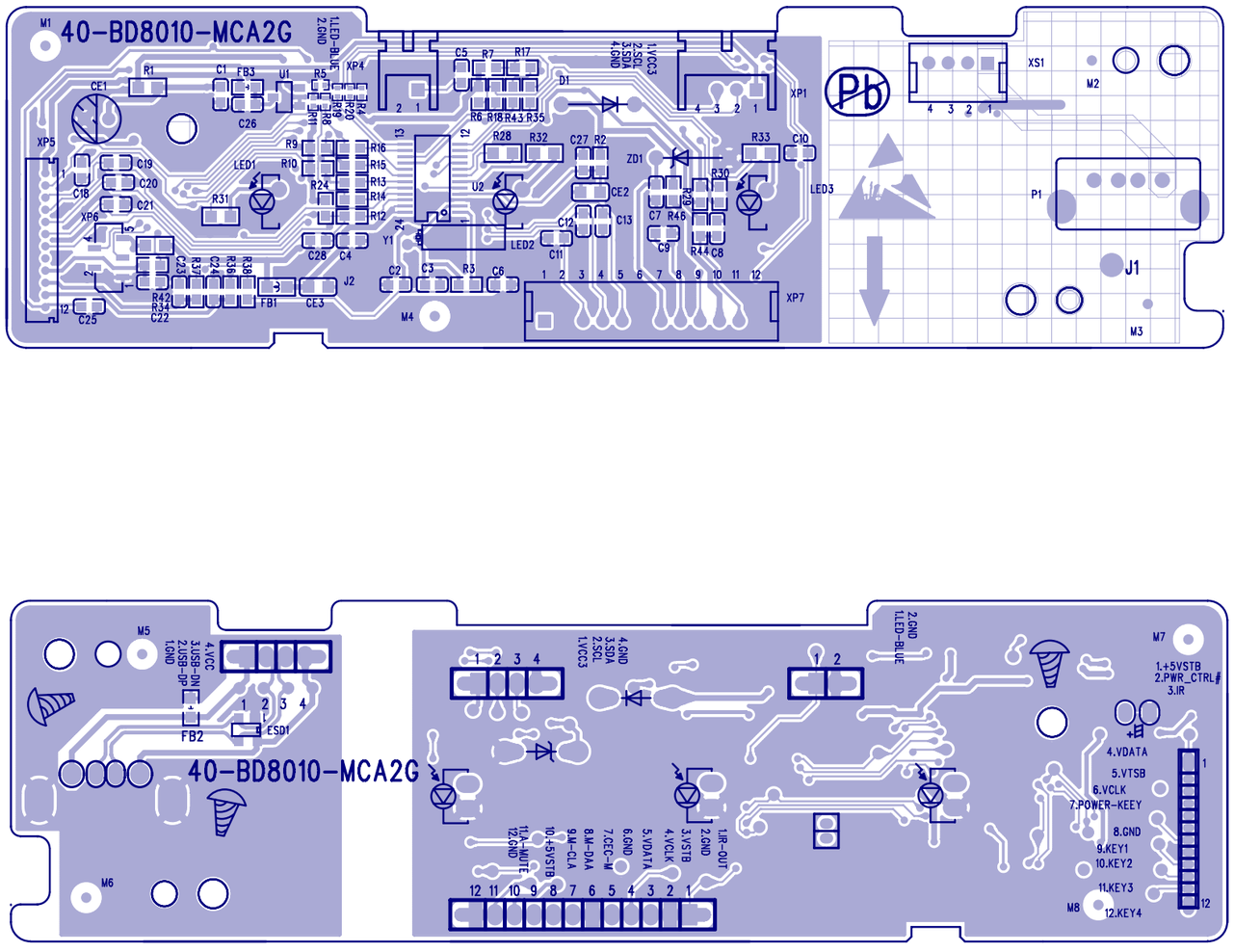
6-23

Main Board Print-layout (Bottom side):



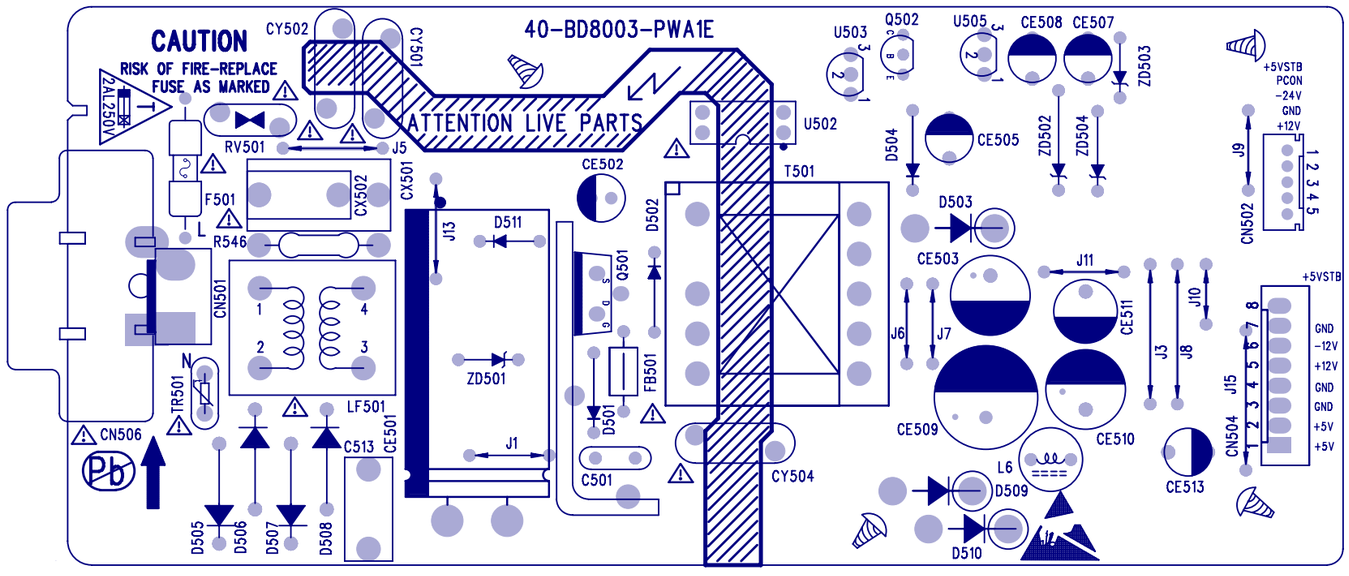
6-24

MCU Board Print-layout (Top and Bottom side):



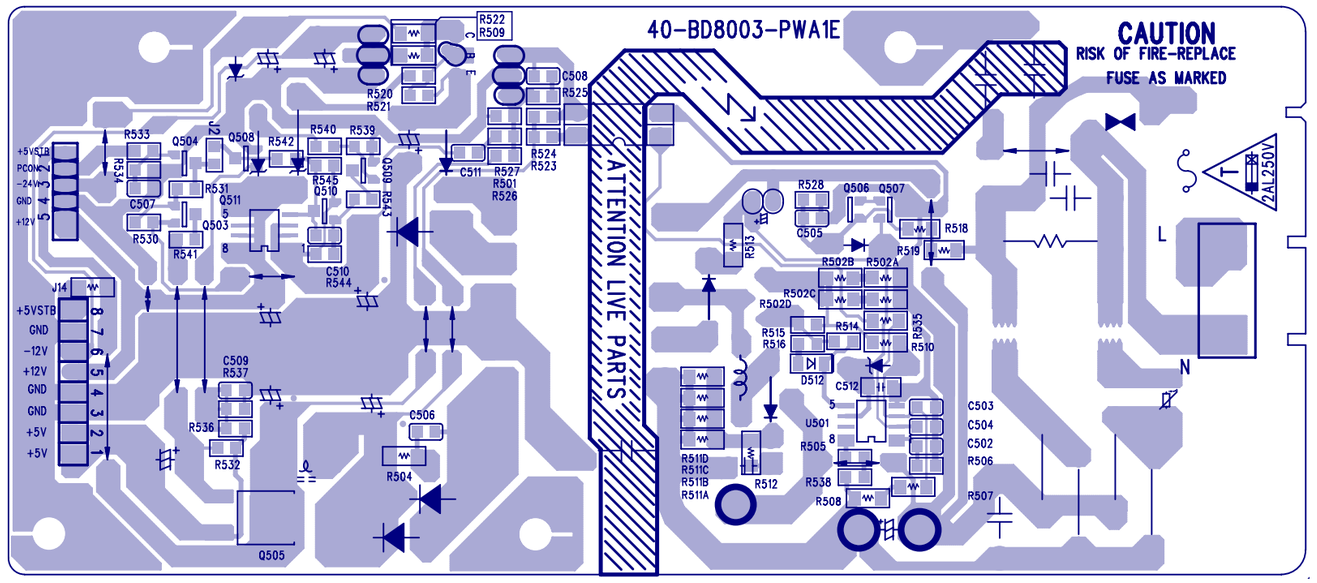
6-25

Power Board Print-layout (Top side):



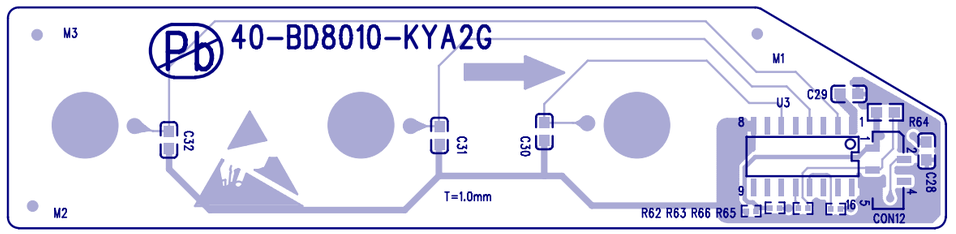
6-26

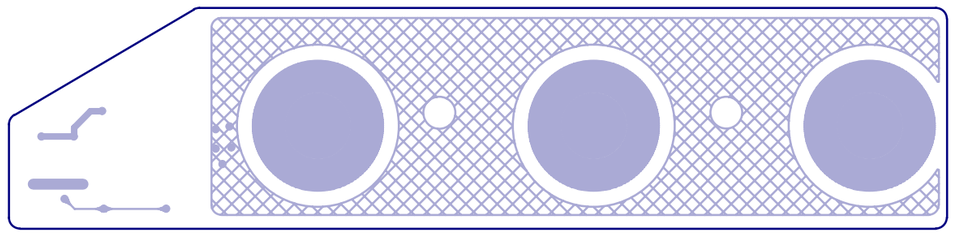
Power Board Print-layout (Bottom side):



6-27

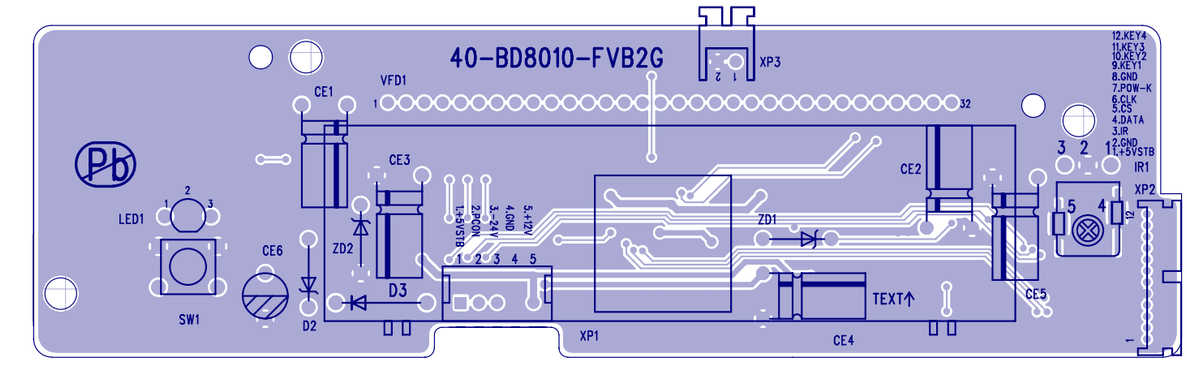
Touch Control Broad Print-layout (Top & Bottom side):

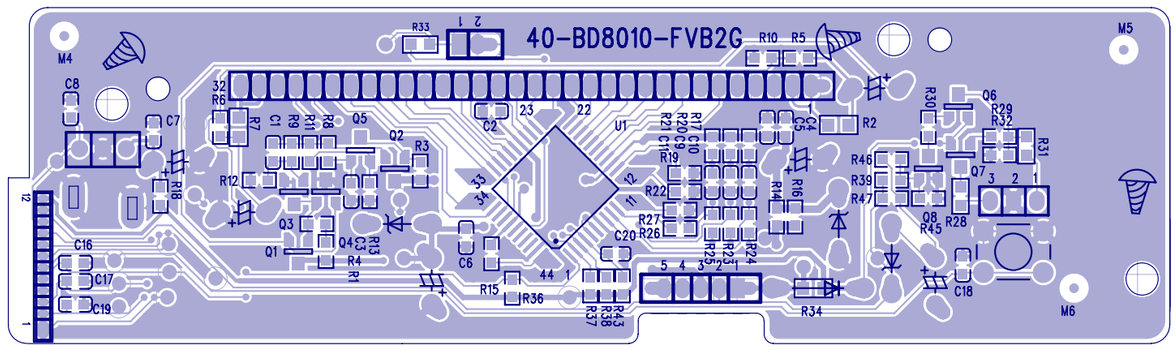




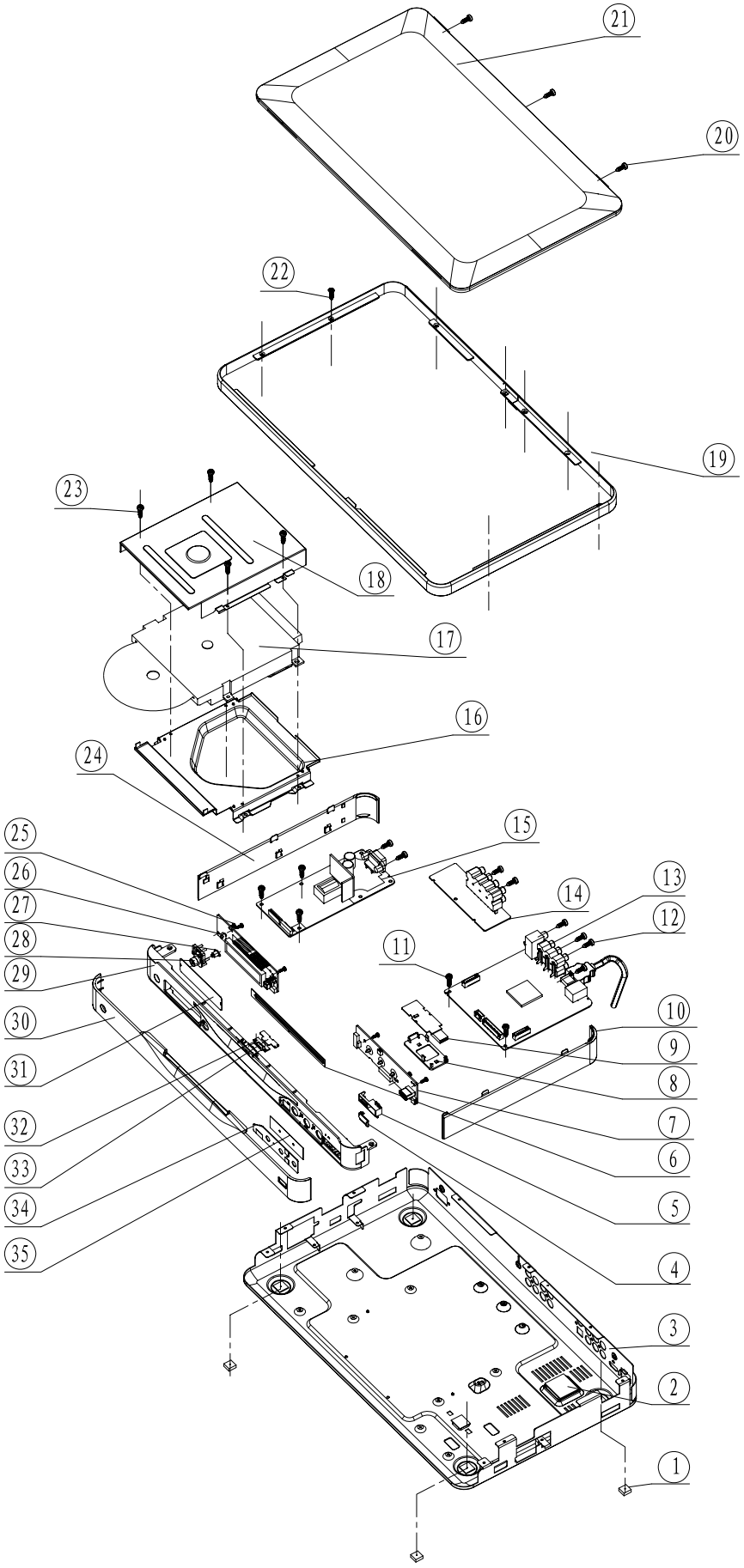
6-28

VFD Broad Print-layout (Top & Bottom side):





Exploded view for BDP8000：



APPENDIX

How to proceed OPU and mainboard alignment ?

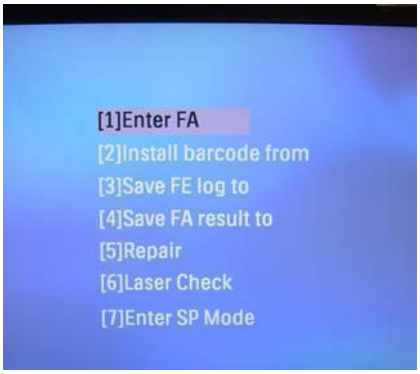
Procedure:

1. Record the 1D barcode with barcode reader or all the 32 digits of label attached on the top of original loader (if replaced with a new main board) or new loader spare part (if replaced with a new loader) as shown in Pic.1 .

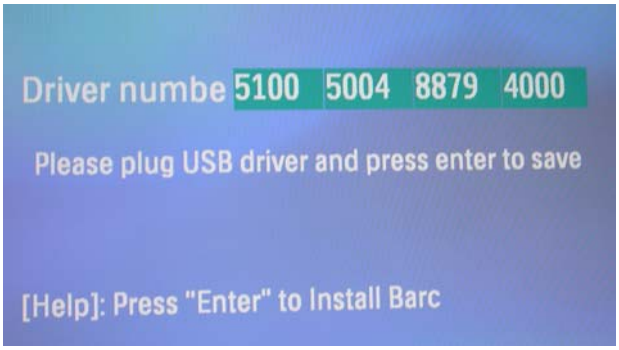
Pic. 1

Note: to skip this step for the loader without 1D barcode label.

2. Power on the set and connect with TV, press “5” “1” “7” “7” by remote control when in the HOME menu, it will enter a special menu with 7 options. Use “Up” and “Down” button by remote control to select option “[5] Repair (or Service)”



3. When you see this screen, please plug a USB drive. After that press “Enter” to install barcode.



Note: 1) We need to plug-in USB drive otherwise you cannot proceed to next step. This is for saving data in case of failure happen, and then loader supplier could use this information on to investigate.

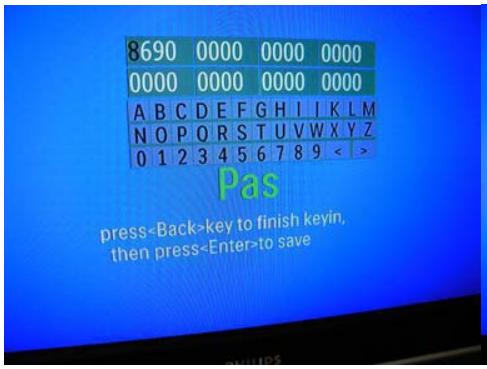
2) Due to tiny current on USB port, a blank USB drive is recommended. If using MP3 or MP4 device, it should be full charged, or the TV display will show “Fail: Try Again”.

4. Input alphanumeric code by remote control, then press “Back” and then press “Enter” to save the setting.

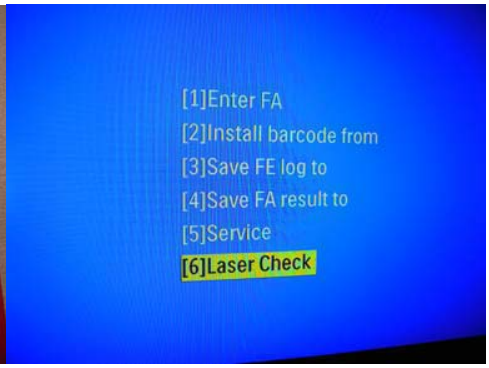
Note: Try to input any one of 4 codes as below if no 1D barcode label until it works .

1). B6B412 3). 06D412
2). 278412 4). A55412

5. If setting is saved successfully, it will display “Pas” on screen. Otherwise, it will display “Fail” on screen. If “fail”, confirm the alphanumeric code information again . (this is like a password, failed if we input the wrong password)



6. Press “Stop” key on remote control to go back the HOME menu again, and then press “5” “1” “7” “7” by remote control to enter a special menu with 6 options again. Use “Up” and “Down” button by remote control to select option “[6] Laser Check”



7. If the cable is well connected and welded protection point is ok, it will display “Passe” on screen.

8. Restart the player, test with CD, DVD, BD disc. If ok, the repair procedure is finished!

REVISION LIST

Version 1.0

* Initial release for BDP8000/12/51/78

Version 1.1

* All Schematics Diagrams removed from chapter 6 as per the related agreement.

Version 1.2

* Page 2-5 Dismantling Instruction --- how to take out locked disc from tray has been added.

Version 1.3

* Schematics Diagrams resumed except Main Board’s.

Version 1.4

* Add appendix pages for alignment procedure of Loader and Main Board.

Version 1.5

* Appendix pages updated.